Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 127 · BOMBAY: MONDAY, MAY 30, 1949 Price: 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

India Will Keep Up Her Promises

JAWAHAR ASSURES KASHMIRIS

Warning Against Pak Rumour-Mongers

SRINAGAR, May 29 (A.P.I.).

"INDIA will honour her promises to Kashmir and will not let her down under any circumstances", declared Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India addressing a large gathering in Pratap Garden here this evening.

He said that Kashmir was part of India and no power on earth could separate Kashmir from India.

He asked Kashmiris not to forget the fundamental fact that Pakistan in the beginning had completely denied having had any hand whatsoever in the attack made by raiders on Kashmir but had subsequently admitted that their troops were fighting in Kashmir.

He added: "From this attitude of Pakistan you can deduce the extent to which Pakistan's declaration about friendship towards the people of Kashmir are based on honesty and truth."

Pandit Nehru said that the might of the Indian Army would ensure that the enemy did not come forward an inch by force. He asked Kashmiris to be ever vigilant about enemy agents who wanted to spread rumours in order to create confusion among the people.

Experience had taught the people of India that it was dangerous to rely on the promises which were made by the "other side" in Kashmir and he wanted the Kashmir people not to be carried away by any false promises from that side.

CHANGE IN MAP

Pandit Nehru added that the map of India had changed to a great extent during the last two years. Excepting about half a dozen big States like Kashmir, Hyderabad etc. all the 600 States had been integrated.

The days of autocracy in India were over, he said. In spite of Pakistan's protestations of love for the freedom of the people of Kashmir, autocracy in the states within its frontiers had not lessened. On the other hand, conditions had definitely worsened. In the Pakistan States and the North-Western Frontier Province people were being ruthlessly crushed.

Amidst applause, Sheikh Abdullah said he would assure Pandit Nehru that Kashmir would ever be with India, whatever be the cost. He added that the people of Kashmir would never forget the ideals which they had taught under the inspiration of Mahatma Gandhi and which they had been following for the last eleven years.

SAYING WITH AUTHORITY

Pandit Nehru began his speech with a reference to his long association with the freedom struggle in Kashmir. He said that he had adways been interested in freedom struggles in all parts of the wrld, particularly in Kashmir.

He had long association with Sheikh Abdullah, as both of them had fought shoulder and shoulder against autocratic rule in Indian States under the banner of the States Peoples Conference. As a Kashmiri, he had always loved Kashmir.

Pandit Nehru added: "As Prime Minister of India, whatever I am saying is with force and authority and it is the choice of the nation."

He said he would reiterate the promise he had made to Sheikh Abdullah and the people of Kashmir at a public meeting in November 1947 immediately after the attack by raiders on Kashmir that India and Kashmir would never be separated.

He said that it was not a pact between two individuals but between India and Kashmir and he had not broken that promise. He and his country would ever adhere to that promise. "No power on earth can separate India and Kashmir. External power cannot break bonds which are based on friendship. Such forces are broken only if hearts are embittered."

INDIA WILL BE VIGILANT

Pandit Nehru said that it was a great tragedy that immediately after

(Continued on Page 6.)

'Reds' Take Tsimo

GOVT.-HELD CITY ON CHINA COAST

HONG KONG, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): The Communist Military Control Committee in Shanghai to-day speeded up its take over of the city's administration occupying the General Post Office, the Government radio station, four banks and the central mint. There was no halt in the operations against retreating Nationalist forces as the military administration took over.

An official announcement from the Peoples Bank said that more than 200 banks had been authorised to begin exchanging gold yuan notes for Peoples Bank notes between to-morrow and next Sunday. After that gold yuan notes would be banned from circulation.

Conversion rate for to-morrow will be one Peoples Bank note for 100,000 gold yuan. This may be changed later.

TSIMO CAPTURED.

The Communist New China News Agency claimed that Tsimo, only Nationalist-held city on the China coast north of Shanghai, had been captured and the garrison was retreating.

The Soviet Consulate-General and Tass, the official Soviet News Agency, to-day voluntarily stoped functioning from Shanghai. Unofficial Soviet sources said neither the Consulate nor Tass would be open until formal diplomatic relations had been established between Moscow diplomatic relations had been established between Moscow and the Chinese Communists.

Reports reaching Canton to-day said Communist forces pushing south along the main railway line to the Government's new headquarters had reached a point 45 miles from the vital junction town of Changsha, some 350 miles due north of Canton.

Other Communist forces had pushed west along the railway from the coast towards Chuchow, junction town about 50 miles south of Changsha.

Ten Injured In Calcutta

FREE FIGHT IN MEETING

CALCUTTA, May 29 (UPI).—A clash in a political meeting resulted in injuries to about ten persons including a Sub-Inspector of Police on duty in Sradhananda Park, Calcutta, this evening.

The meeting was convened by the B.P.S.F., Communist-dominated Students Organisation to protest against the hanging of some Communist leaders in Hyderabad. Speeches condemning the Government and the Congress were made by speakers. Some persons took objection to the speeches and this was the signal for trouble.

A free fight took place in which both the parties used sodawater bottles and stones. About ten persons received injuries and four of them had to be removed to Medical College hospital.

The police rushed to the spot and intervened to disperse the crowd. About a dozen persons were put under arrest and order restored. After the clash the street adjoining the Park was found littered with stones and broken glasses.

GOVERNORS BY NOMINATION

C. A. Expected To Favour

NEW DELHI, May 29 (API).—The Constituent Assembly is expected on May 23 to decide in favour of nomination of Provincial Governors by the President, thus reversing its earlier decision that Governors should be elected by the Primary voters, as in the United States.

The provisions relating to the appointment of Governors became the subject of acute controversy when the original proposal for election of Governors, suggested by the Joint Committee of the Provincial Model Constitution Committee and the Central Union Constitution Committee, was subsequently changed by it in favour of nomination. This subsequent decision has been adopted by the Drafting Committee and was endorsed by the Congress Party in the Constituent Assembly which met yesterday.

SHOLAPUR MILLS ENQUIRY

SEE PAGE 6

Africans Stone Policemen

SEQUEL TO BAN ON MEETING

JOHANNESBURG, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): Africans to-day stoned mounted policemen and a flying squad car after meetings to be addressed by the only Communist member of the South African Parliament, Mr. Sam Khan, had been banned.

The meetings were banned by a magistrate under the riotous assemblies act on the ground that they constituted a serious threat to public peace.

Meetings were to have been addressed in African townships near Johannesburg. Policemen with drawn batons dispersed two crowds.

Mr. Khan and his assistants tried to keep their movements secret but he was trailed by detectives to different meeting places.

At Alexandra, a township ten miles from Johannesburg, an African flourishing a stick was arrested. When mounted men attempted to disperse the crowd in a side street, stones were flung at them.

A police detachment left behind to maintain order at Newclare was surrounded by an angry mob. A flying squad car was struck by stones and the police arrested an African woman.

CUSTOMS BARRIER HARDSHIPS

Karaikal Plea To Take Case To U. N.

MADRAS, May 29.—(UPA).—Protesting against the Indian Government's action in imposing customs barriers and thereby paralysing the economic life of the French settlements in India, the Karaikal Municipal Council has appealed to the French Government to lodge a complaint with the United Nations.

Karaikal, one of the four French settlements in South India, is mainly dependent on India for essential supplies.

The Council also urged postponement of a referendum until the Indian Government removed the customs barriers.

Chandranagore Referendum

CHANDRANAGORE, May 29 (API) —Official confirmation has been received here from Delhi and Pondicherry that the referendum on the fture of Chandranagore will be held on June 19. The issue in the referendum is whether Chandranagore should remain in the French Republic or should merge in the Indian Union.

REBEL ACITIVITY IN SAMOS

Guerilla Forces Beaten Off

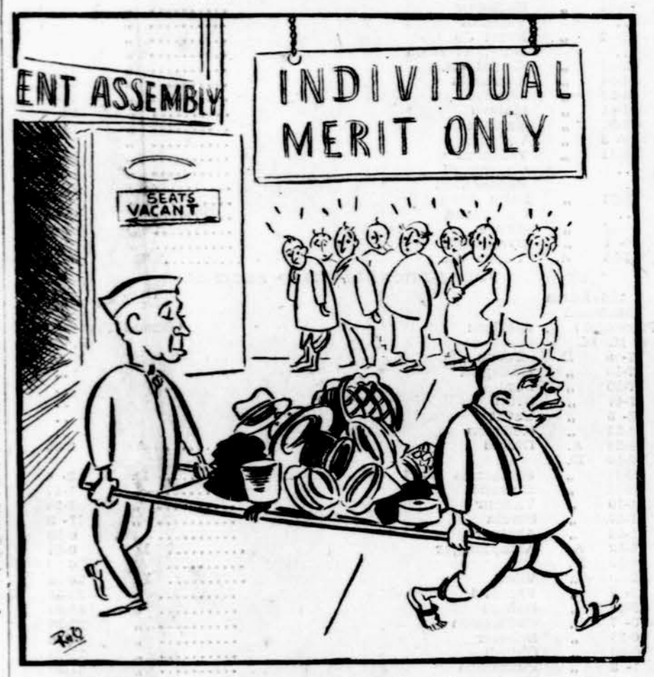
ATHENS, May 29 (PTI-Reuter.)—Tonight's Greek General Staff Communique reported rebel activity in the island of Samos, off the coast of Anatolia, 50 miles south of Smyrna.

Guerilla forces were beaten off and fled at nightfall. Their losses were not known.

Insurgents were driven back in Epirus. There was an artillery duel in the Mount Vitsi area of Western Macedonia near the point where the Greek, Yugoslav and Bulgarian frontiers meet.

Greek losses were given as ten killed and 32 wounded. Those of the Guerilla Forces were 23 killed, five prisoners and 37 surrendered, the communique said.

HATS OFF TO NEW ORDER



No more seats will be "reserved", according to a motion adopted by the Constituent Assembly.

COCHIN RULER SIGNS DRAFT COVENANT

Line Clear For Union With Travancore

ERNAKULAM, May 29. (API).

THE 73-year-old Rama Varma, Maharaja of Cochin, affixed his signature to the Draft Covenant prepared by the States Ministry this afternoon, thus paving the way for the formation of a Union of the States of Cochin and Travancore.

The historic ceremony took place at the Hill Palace, Tripunitura.

The covenant which embodies, among other things, the future relation of the Cochin ruling family with a United State of Travancore and Cochin and the Maharaja's privy purse, now awaits only the approval of the States Ministry.

The prospective union with a population of nearly 80 lakhs will have an area of a little over 9,000 square miles and an annual revenue of roughly Rs. 13 crores.

"The United State of Cochin and Travancore will be inaugurated on July 1, 1949", states an official statement issued after the meeting between the Maharaja of Cochin and Mr. V. P. Menon, Political Adviser to the States Ministry, Government of India.

The communique said: "Their Highness the Maharajas of Travancore and Cochin have signed the covenant for the formation of the United State of Travancore and Cochin. After acceptance of the terms of the covenant by the Government of India, a communique publishing the text of the covenant will be issued from Delhi.

THE LAST TWO.

Mr. V. P. Menon said here to-day that Travancore and Cochin were the last two states on the States Ministry's "list" of States to be integrated. No other States were now proposed to be integrated.

Mr. Menon, who played a prominent part in the bringing about the integration of Travancore and Cochin, said a communique by the States Ministry, confirming the integration of Travancore and Cochin, would be issued in the first week of June and the union would be inaugurated on July 1, 1949.

Mr. Menon who was addressing pressmen here at the Prime Minister's residence added that the Maharaja of Travancore was going to Delhi to invite Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the States Minister to perform the inauguration ceremony. Mr. Menon thought, Sardar Patel would accept the Maharaja's invitation.

Mr. Menon also said that he would visit Cochin again either in August or early in September to finalise details regarding the allowances to the members of the Cochin ruling family.

Replying to a question, Mr. Menon said the administrative set-up in the State and States Unions would be or a par with the Provinces of the Indian Union.

Mr. Menon left for Madras at four this evening by a special plane enroute to Puri. Mr. N. M. Buch, Chairman of the Travancore-Cochin Integration Committee also accompanied Mr. Menon in the plane.

Publication Of Covenant

MADRAS, May 29. (U.P.I.): The covenant of the States Ministry of the Government of India for the merger of the two States of Travancore and Cochin, which was signed today by both the Maharajas of Travancore and Cochin, for the formation of the United State of Cochin and Travancore, will be published by the Government of India by June 5 next.

This was revealed by Mr. V. P. Menon, Political Adviser to the States Ministry, to pressmen this evening on his arrival here from Ernakulam.

Koirala Gives Up Fast

TO BE RELEASED AND SENT TO INDIA

RAXAUL, May 29 (UPI).—A Nepal Government press note issued on the 28th midnight says that Sri B. P. Koirala broke his fast on the 28th night and as a goodwill gesture, the Nepal Government has decided to release Sri Koirala and send him back to India as soon as doctors declare him physically fit.

The press note said: "It may be mentioned that four days back, Sri Koirala was removed from his prison cell in a very precarious condition and was joined by his mother and wife. Doctors examining Sri Koirala's health on May 28 said that his condition was most grave."

MONSOON LIKELY TO STRENGTHEN

Heavy Showers In City Expected

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Bombay had no rainfall today. The day was rather cloudy but occasionally clear sunshine and gusts of wind brought relief from the oppressive heat of Pre-Monsoon Summer. In the evening, however, the sky cleared and wind was blowing hard.

The Santa Cruz Observatory stated in their bulletin issued at Midday to-day that Monsoon had strengthened further in South Konkan and was vigorous in East Central Arabian Sea. Widespread and locally very heavy rains likely in South Konkan during the next two or three days.

Weather experts also believed that Monsoon was likely to strengthen and squally weather with heavy showers might set in North Konkan and Bombay area during the next 48 hours.

The Santa Cruz Observatory recorded no rainfall during the day.

PATIALA, May 28 (API).—Mr. Ram Moorti, Editor and proprietor of a local Urdu weekly, was arrested last evening under the Patiala and East Punjab States Union Public Safety Ordinance for having published what are alleged to be objectionable articles.

Home Made Planes For Our Airlines

MANUFACTURE TO START IN FOUR YEARS

THE nine-year old Hindustan Aircraft Factory at Bangalore will start manufacturing commercial aircraft for India's internal airlines in four years time, it is learnt here.

The factory is at present engaged in producing trainer aircraft for civil aviation and defence services. Production of this type of aircraft will go into full swing in two years.

The Government of India propose to take over in co-operation with the Government of West Bengal the Barrackpore Aircraft Service Station and develop it into a major servicing and aeronautical centre for the country's air services.

A war-time service station, the Barrackpore Workshops to-day remains inactive. The Provincial and the Central Governments propose jointly to own the workshops. The centre will begin to function in three months.

10,000 British Railmen Strike

EARLIER FEARS NOT CONFIRMED

LONDON, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—Railway communications between London and the North-East of England were slowed to a near-halt today by a strike of locomotive crews against schedules which would cause them to sleep away from home.

Earlier indications that there would be complete paralysis were not confirmed however.

A few trains were operated from Kings Cross, London terminal, but passengers, forewarned of the Railwaymen's week-end "token strike" were few.

A British Railways spokesman said at noon today that of 889 drivers and firemen on the north-eastern and eastern region due to come to work today, 263 actually reported for duty.

There was no official indication of the total number of railwaymen affected by the stoppage. Newspaper estimates had put the figure as high as 10,000.

Today's strike was the second of a series of 24-hour Sunday stoppages staged by the footplatemen in defiance of Union orders to leave the dispute to settlement by negotiation.

SPAIN'S ENTRY INTO U. N.

Little Possibility, Says Mr. Lie

HAVANA, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the United Nations, said at a press conference to-day that there was very little possibility of Spain's entering the United Nations now.

He did not believe General Franco would ask for admission while the United Nations 1947 resolution condemning the regime was in effect.

Asked about the sending of diplomatic missions to Spain, Mr. Lie said it would violate the spirit of the decision adopted by the Assembly. There was nothing to enforce this decision, he added, but it had a great "morale force".

ANGLO-PAK STERLING AGREEMENT

One Year's Duration

LONDON, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—The New Anglo-Pakistan Sterling Agreement, now being negotiated here by the sterling delegations of the two countries, is expected to be of a year's duration, it was learned today.

The present one-year Anglo-Pakistan Finance Agreement expires on June 30 and the present negotiations will decide how much sterling and how much in hard currencies Pakistan will receive from Britain during the new agreement year.

VYSHINSKY HARD AT WORK STUDYING WESTERN PLAN

PARIS, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky was hard at work today studying the three Western Powers' plan for German economic and political unity.

He is believed to have telephoned Moscow to consult the Soviet Government on the Western plan, which observers here declare calls for steps amount to a complete revolution in the present structure of organisation in the Soviet zone.

Mr. Ernest Bevin (Britain), Mr. Dean Acheson (United States) and M. Robert Schuman (France) hope to hear his opinion at the Conference table in the Palaise Rose tomorrow.

Mr. Vyshinsky heard details of the Western plan at yesterday's session of the Council of Foreign Ministers, who have now completed a week's work in Paris.

The Western plan, calling for a Federal German Government with the accession of the Soviet zone to the West German Bonn Constitution, runs directly counter to Mr. Vyshinsky's proposal for a return to four-power control.

Charge Against Soviet Embassy

ANKARA, May 29 (PTI-Reuter)—The Soviet Embassy here was reported today to have intervened in the case of the wife of a Soviet official who wanted to remain in Turkey as a political refugee when her husband was recalled to Moscow last year. The woman's name was given as Mrs. Sanovber Gassanoff, wife of a former Secretary of the Soviet Embassy here.

According to the Turkish press, which published conflicting versions of the affair, three employees of the Soviet Embassy in Ankara recently arrived by car in the southern Turkish town of Adana, where Mrs. Gassanoff was living in a modest hotel under Turkish protection. The three are alleged to have attempted to compel Mrs. Gassanoff to leave Adana with them by using threats of force.

TRAVANCORE ATOM BILL

TRIVANDRUM, May 29. (UPA): In a Gazette notification to-day the Travancore Government has published the "Travancore Atomic Energy Bill" which provides for development and control of atomic energy and for purposes connected therewith.

The bill empowers the Government to take control of any industry connected with production of atomic energy. The bill also imposes restriction on disclosure of information relating to the plan. Any person guilty of offence under this Act shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months.

Care has also been taken to keep fundamental scientific discoveries outside the limits of any secrecy provision.

It may be recalled that Travancore's mineral sands contain rich deposits of fissible substances, such as thorium, plutonium neptunium and substances like berylelium and their compounds.

Reds On Hunger-Strike

BENARES, May 29 (API)—About 20 Communist detenus in the Banares Central jail are reported to have gone on a hunger-strike since Friday demanding better treatment in the jail.

HIGH PRECISION HIGH SPEED
DRILLING TAPPING & MILLING MACHINES
Manufactured by
ADCOCK & SHIPLEY LTD
LEICESTER
Available Ex Stock
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON
M/S. AMBEE (INDIA) LTD
KITAB MAHAL, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY

OUR TABULATED

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Cosmopolitan Marriage introductions. Registered—Religious—Functions. Consult Dr. Bhavalker, 293, Tardeo Road, Bombay. (752)

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted immediately Junior and Senior B.E. (Civil) Apply stating qualifications and experience with testimonials to Box No. 768 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately experienced foremen for Steel Work with knowledge of welding, marking etc. Apply stating qualifications and experience with testimonials. Box No. 767 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately experienced supervisors for Structural Steel Work erection. Apply stating qualifications and experience with testimonials. Box No. 766 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted trained-teachers, knowing Sanskrit, English and Marathi. Grade according to Ghate-Paruleker Report with Dearness Allowance and Provident Fund. Apply stating qualifications and minimum salary required to the Principal, Seth N. L. High School, Malad. (4582)

Wanted experienced Lino Operators. Apply with testimonials to Box No. C2 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted First Class Mechanic/ Salesman with personality and good appearance well-experienced in maintenance servicing repair of air compressors pneumatic electric tools and prepared to travel. Write stating age, experience, and salary expected. Box No. 4538, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required for the Hospital of Indian Steel & Wire Products Ltd., P.O. Indrasagar, Dist. Singhbhum, one experienced Lady Doctor. Please apply to the Chief Medical Officer with testimonials to reach before 15-6-49 stating age, married or unmarried, native place, qualification, details of experience, minimum pay acceptable. Free unfurnished quarters Electric (current charges to be paid) and other allowances with benefit of Provident Fund, Gratuity, Annual Bonus, etc., and leave as per Company's rules. 4547

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential and capable Chief Agents and Special Agents all over the Province to represent the Largest Motor Insurance Company of S. India. The Premier Life & General Insurance Co., Ltd., Madras 1, offering various attractive rebates, charging Low Premiums to Policy-holders and liberal terms to Representatives and insuring about 15,000 Vehicles with an Annual Premium income of Rs. 10,00,000. Season fast approaching, apply sharp. 4529

Wanted influential and respect-able Agents for the sale of Ayurvedic Medicines throughout Bombay Presidency. Terms lucrative. Apply: Managing Agents, Messrs. Shree Oushadhalaya Limited, 438, Russa Road, (South) Tollygunge, Calcutta. (4508)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale about 15 acres of land containing tanning building sheds and three large wells area about 3 acres, suitable for the Factory purposes situated in Pallavaram near Madras a mile distance from the railway station nearest offer to one lakh of rupees. Apply Box 770 "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale— 90 horsepower horizon-tal Diesel oil-engine, 8 and 10 ft. English all geared lathes, Tractors. Apply Eruch D. Engineer & Co., Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (765)

Anderson American 'DUO' large expeller with kettle, feeder and motor 25 H. P. A.C. capacity about 1500 lbs. seeds per hour, leaving 4% oil in cakes. Complete in good condition just received from England. Rs. 31,000/- Dinshaw, 105 Apollo St., Bombay. (711)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Just arrived! Swiss Jacquard Art Silk fabrics! Seven alluring colours 60" width Lovely for curtains Call at Raval Tiles and Marble Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. (6778A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DELHI MUNICIPALITY

WANTED A DRAFTSMAN in the revised grade of 100-5-125-6-155-EB-6-185 plus dearness and other allowances. The appointment will be on 6 months probation in the first instance.

Application stating qualifications, age and experience etc. should reach the undersigned on or before the 6th June, 1949.

N. CHAKRAVARTI
Offg. Municipal Engineer,
4577

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that with effect from the 29th May, 1949 all the Police Grain Shops in Greater Bombay which were hitherto managed by (1) Messrs: Nagshi Dharshi Sethia and (2) Messrs. Soju Hira & Co., will be taken over by the Greater Bombay Police Force Co-operative General Stores Ltd. The Police Grocers herein mentioned will have no connection with the Police Grain shops with effect from the said date.

M. M. CHUDASAMA
Commissioner of Police,
Bombay.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 27th May, 1949.
(4572)

TENDER NOTICE

THE DEPUTY DIRECTOR General of Supplies, New Delhi, invites tender for the supply 7000 cft. of Burma Teak Sawn Sizes and 10,000 cft. of Indian Teak Sawn Sizes (Tender No. ST-2/88217 to reach him on or before the 24th June 1949 on forms (Not transferable) obtained from this office at Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set paid in cash, money order or Indian Postal Order quoting tender number and full name and address of the remitter.

Firms not already on the approved list of Director General of Industries and Supplies, Contractors list must give their Banker's reference on application of tender forms.

Tender forms are also obtainable from the office of the Director of Supplies, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras on payment of tender fee direct to them.

Tender forms will not be supplied to firms already black listed.

Successful tenderers will be required to give security deposit to the extent of 10 per cent of the value of the order placed. (4583)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Chief Draftsman, Bombay Electrict Grid.

Applications are invited BEFORE 5-7-1949 from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of CHIEF DRAFTSMAN. ALL OTHER THINGS BEING EQUAL, CANDIDATES BELONGING TO THE BACKWARD CLASSES PREFERRED. QUALIFICATIONS:—The candidate should (a) possess a degree or diploma in Civil Engineering or equivalent academic qualification; (b) have been associated with engineering works for not less than 15 years and be competent to check design data of engineering works like R.C.C. Constructions, Steel Structures, trusses, anchor blocks, foundations, etc., and possess intimate knowledge of preparing, working drawings taking out quantities and preparation of tender documents, and (c) be a good draughtsman himself and capable of and experienced in guiding and controlling a large drawing office organisation. Degree holders or persons holding academic qualifications equivalent to a degree in Civil Engineering preferred. AGE: Not more than 45 years on 1-9-1949. Relaxable in suitable cases. PAY: Rs. 340-650 PLUS cost of living allowance if and as admissible. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange office. 4571

TATA INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL SCIENCES ANDHERI, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for admission to the Institute re-opening on July, the 23rd, 1949. A two and a half years' course in applied social sciences is offered covering pre-professional, basic and specialisation courses in the fields of Industrial Relations and Personnel Management, Family and Child Welfare, Social Work in Medical and Psychiatric Settings, Public Welfare Administration, Criminology and Penal Administration, Applied Anthropology and Tribal Welfare and Social Research. Students are prepared for positions such as Labour Officers, Welfare Officers, Medical Social Workers, Psychiatric Social Workers, Research Workers and Investigators, Relief Workers, Social Workers for Prohibition Departments, Probation Officers, Secretaries for Social Service Organisations, Superintendents of Prisons and of Institutions for Children, Women, Beggars, the Aged and the Handicapped.

Admission is open only to graduates and postgraduates—men and women. Preference will be given to students of Economics, Sociology or Psychology.

Limited hostel accommodation available. Prospectus, application forms, etc., will be sent on prepayment of one rupee by money order. Applications should reach the Registrar on or before June the 30th, 1949. 4570

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of Hard Waste from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 4 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on FRIDAY the 3rd June, 1949 in their registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, Indu House, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 4579

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY
Important Notice

With effect from June 1, 1949 and upto 31-9-1949 timings of the following Passenger trains on Bombay-Poona and Poona-Dhond-Manmad sections will be revised as under:

21 Down (Poona Fast Passenger) H. M.		Stations		34 Up (Poona Passenger) H. M.
11-0	D.	Bombay V.T.	A.	16-20
11-10	„	Byculla	D.	15-57
11-23	„	Dadar	„	15-41
..		Kurla	„	15-31
11-50	„	Thana	„	15-13
12-15	A.	Kalyan Jn.	„	14-57
12-25	D.		A.	14-47
12-33	„	Ambarnath	D.	14-32
12-44	„	Badlapur	„	14-20
..		Vangani	„	14- 7
13- 2	„	Neral Jn.	„	13-55
..		Bhivpuri Rood	„	13-44
13-23	„	Karjat Jn.	„	13-32
14-14	„	Khandala	„	12-40
14-27	„	Lonavla	„	12-23
14-41	„	Malavli	„	12- 6
14-51	„	Kamshet	„	11-50
15- 3	„	Vadgaon	„	11-37
15-11	„	Talegaon	„	11-28
..		Chorawadi	„	11-22
..		Begdaewadi	„	11-15
15-23	„	Dehu Road	„	11- 7
..		Chinchvad	„	10-55
15-43	„	Kirkee	„	10-39
16- 1	„	Sivajinagar	„	10-30
16-15	A.	Poona Jn.	D.	10-25

POONA-DHOND-MANMAD SECTION.

205 Down (Manmad Passenger) H. M.		Stations		202 Up (Dhond Passenger) H. M.
17- 5	D.	Poona		..
17-15	„	Hadapsar		..
17-30	„	Loni		..
17-47	„	Uruli		..
18- 5	„	Yevat		..
18-24	„	Kedgaon		..
19-26	A.	Dhond	A.	2-35
20-10	D.			
20-31	„	Shrigonda Road	D.	2- 4
20-51	„	Belvandi	„	1-47
21-10	„	Visapur	„	1-25
21-47	„	Sarola	„	1- 3
21-56	„	Akolner	„	0-53
22-12	A.	Ahmadnagar	D.	0-37
22-32	D.		A.	0-20
22-50	„	Vilad	D.	23-52
23- 7	„	Vambori	„	23-21
23-30	„	Rahuri	„	22-52
0- 7	„	Padhegaon	„	22-34
0-23	„	Belapur	„	22- 6
0-50	„	Chitali	„	21-49
1- 3	„	Puntamba	„	21-26
1-21	„	Kanhegaon	„	21-12
1-41	„	Kopargaon	„	20-51
2- 2	„	Yeola	„	20-32
..	„	Ankai	„	20-15
2-40	A.	Manmad	D.	19-50

4573

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER 'Grainshops', G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 4 p.m. on 6-6-49 for the supply of the following quantities of Sweetened condensed milk and Full Cream Milk Powder to the Railway's Godown at Shed No. 3, Wadi Bunder for consumption in the Railway Canteens. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

Article	Quantity	Unit
1. Condensed Milk Sweetened	250 Cases	Case of 48 tins each 1 Tin eq. 14 ozs. of liquid.
2. Full Cream Milk Powder	1,000 Lbs	Per lb. supplied in standard packs.

4550

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES, NEW DELHI.
IMPORT TRADE CONTROL
PUBLIC NOTICE

SUBJECT:—Licences for imports of non-ferrous metal items falling under Sl. Nos. 41 to 52 inclusive, of Part I of the I.T.C. Schedule, attached to the Commerce Department Notification No. 23-ITC/43 dt. 1-7-43.

The last date for receiving applications for licences for the abovementioned categories of goods for the period July/December, 1949, is the 30th June, 1949. Details of procedure for making applications will be available from the undersigned.

D. P. ANTIA,
Development Officer (Metals)
Ex-Officio Dy. Controller of Steel Imports.
File No. CD-I/F2/337/49. 4546

TENDER NOTICE NO. A/742.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase Ministry of Food (Div. II), Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi invites tenders for the supply of 900 lbs hops conforming to RIASC Specification No. 102.

The tenders should be sent so as to reach him by 4 p.m. on 27-6-49 on tender forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office upto 10-6-49 at Rs. 2/- (not refundable) per set paid in cash or by money order (Cheques will not be accepted) quoting tender notice number and remitters full name and address. Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors with the Ministry of Food must also state the names of their bankers.

New Delhi
25-5-49 4567

THE CO-OPERATIVE TRAINING COLLEGE, 5, BYRAMJEE JEEJEEBHOY ROAD, POONA.

The College re-opens on the 20th June, 1949 for the first term. University graduates and employees with three years' service in the Co-operative Department or Co-operative Institutions who have passed the University Intermediate examination are admitted to the course for Higher Diploma in co-operation. Applications with the term fee of Rs. 75/- should reach the Principal oefore 16th June, 1949. NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS ARE LIMITED. For prospectus and form of application for admission, write to the Principal. 4575

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING
Electric House, Fort, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS are invited for posts of Junior Cost Assistants in the Grade of Rs. 101-6-125-7-160-E.B.-8-200-10-220 plus Dearness Allowance as applicable with future prospects. Candidates should possess a degree in Commerce and be under 30 years of age. 4555

INDIAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE CULTIVATION OF SCIENCE,
210, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta-12.

Applications are invited for the post of Professor of Organic Chemistry in the grade Rs. 800-40-1000; 1000-50-1250.

Applicants should be distinguished scientists having long experience of research—specially of work in high polymers and should be qualified to organise and promote research and guide scholars.

Six copies of applications together with testimonials, statement of qualifications and age, and copies of original publications, should reach the Registrar on or before July. 15, 1949.

For candidates applying from overseas, abstracts of applications may be sent in advance by Air Mail on or before August 15, 1949. 4574

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Indians, who are natives of the Province of Bombay and Non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan for a post of a STOREKEEPER in the Motor Transport Section, Greater Bombay Police, on a scale of Rs. 120-5-150 plus Dearness Allowance.

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS:- Must be Matriculate having good experience of motor store-keeping and allied accounts.

AGE— Up to 30 years on the date of appointment.

Applications written in candidates' own handwriting and accompanied by certificates of domicile, educational qualifications, age, character and experience must reach the Superintendent of Police, Motor Transport Section, Shepherd Road, Byculla, Bombay, not later than the 9th of June, 1949.

T. E. McKENZIE.
Dy. Commissioner of Police.
Head Quarters.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 26th May 1949. 4578

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE
MEETING OF CREDITOR MEMBERS

FOR THE FIRST TIME in the History of the Stock Exchange, Bombay, Brokers are taking a concerted action against a defaulting Broker. A Meeting of the creditor members is being convened on MONDAY, the 30th May, 1949, at 3 p.m. in the Board Room of the Stock Exchange Bombay, to consider the steps to be taken at public examination against Mr. Ramvallabh Umadatt Nemani.

A. J. SHAH
Assistant Secretary

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA
(Advertisement No. 19)

invites applications on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5/-, NOT LATER THAN THE 29TH JUNE, 1949, for a temporary post of EXECUTIVE ENGINEER for Civil Works Division, East Punjab, P.W.D., Electricity Branch, from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Candidates should (i) hold a degree in Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineering from a recognised Indian University or 'A' Class diploma from Punjab College of Engineers & Technology Lahore or C.E. diploma Roorkee or have passed the examination for such foreign degrees and diplomas as entitle their holders to exemption from sections 'A' and 'B' of Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineers, London, or have passed parts 'A' and 'B' of Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers, India, and should preferably be Associate Members of the Institution of Civil, Mechanical or Electrical Engineers, London, or of the Institution of Engineers, India, (ii) should preferably have had suitable education and training as a Civil Engineer for at least two years in the design and of the Institution of Engineers, ing Works; (iii) should have at least 10 years' experience in gazetted or equivalent position of responsibility in the design or execution of important Civil Engineering Works, and (iv) should have actual experience of the Design, construction and supervision of big Civil Works. Age preferaoly not more than 45 years (48 years for Scheduled Caste candidates) on 29-6-1949—relaxable in case of Government servants and for War Service candidates to the extent of their period of 'War Service.' Officers of higher age and even retired officers, if physically and mentally fit will be considered. Pay Rs. 625-40-1025/50-1275. Further particulars on application. 4576

AUCTION SALES

IN ACCORDANCE with Section 167 of the Sea Customs Act 8 of 1878 under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 3rd June, 1949, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at K. L. M. Shed Prince's Dock. 40 Cases Coal Tar Dyes (Metanil Yellow).

AUCTION SALE of 9 c/s Italian Rayon Voil Yarn No. 100 Danier Twist about 992 1/4 lbs. on Tuesday, 31-5-49 at 2-30 p.m. at Tambakata near Hanuman Temple under instructions from M/S Tulshiram Chunilal & Co., and on a/c and at risk of M/S Kotumal Tekchand defaulting purchasers. Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit. GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE ON 4th June 10-30 A.M. at Structural English Works Ltd., Fort Road, Sewree, of H. T. S. and Cross bearer angles, Batten Plates, etc. by order of Regional Disposals Commissioner. Terms 25 per cent cash deposit and Sales Tax. Apply for catalogues.

CRAWFORD & CO.
132 Apollo Street, Fort.

UMBRELLA! UMBRELLA!!

Our members will sell umbrellas in whole-sale to consumers' Co-operative Stores and Societies

For retail sales for requirements please approach.

UMBRELLA TRADERS ASSOCIATION.
272 Jumma Masjid.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

"Entrust your Motor Body Building Work, Station Wagons, Goods Trucks and Passenger Buses, to:—

The National Garage Ltd.,
Warden Road, BOMBAY. 26
Phone: 42262.

C. P.'S EFFORT TO STEP UP FOOD PRODUCTION

Over 300 Acres Reclaimed Daily

NEW DELHI, May 29.

OVER 300 acres of weed infested land are being reclaimed in the Central Provinces every day as a part of the Province's effort towards puting more land under cultivation for increasing food production.

From April 1, 1949, an area of 10,934 acres has been reclaimed and during the week ending May 14,1949, 2,206 acres were reclaimed which works out at an average of 315 acres per day. The Government of C.P. have hired 90 tractors from the Central Tractor Organization of the Government of India. These tractors are at present working in four batches, at Patharia and Khurai in Saugor district and Piparia and Dularia in Hosanabad District.

Mechanical cultivation by tractors has also been undertaken in certain areas and from April 1, 1949, 3,389 acres were mechanically cultivated.

FOOD COMMISSIONER FOR MADRAS

The Government of Madras have appointed a Food Production Commissioner who will co-ordinate the food production plans of the various Departments and see to their prompt execution. An integrated scheme to mobilise men and materials for accelerating intensive cultivation plans is also under preparation of the Government.

Work on reclamation and mechanical cultivation of land is also proceeding in the Province and during the week ending May 18, 1307 acres of waste land were reclaimed and 365 acres were mechanically cultivated. Preparation of compost is continuing and by the middle of May, 46,940 tons of ripe compost were on hand.

Rats which constitute a great enemy to foodgrains both in the fields as well as in the godowns were baited with considerable success in an area covering about 600 acres of paddy land.

INDIA SHALL HAVE TO EXPORT MORE

MADRAS, May 29 (API): Mr. K N. Kaul, India's Trade Commissioner-designate in London, told the mercantile community here yesterday that they should concentrate more and more in establishing markets for their manufactured goods rather than for raw materials.

He was addressing the Andhra Chamber of Commerce in Madras city.

Mr. Kaul said that trade in oils and oil-seeds would help India to conserve the dollar and hard-currency resources, but they were facing everywhere price resistance. Recently, talks in Tokyo had disclosed that even Japan was keen about purchasing oils and oil-seeds. Still India could not find a market for these commodities because while Brazil was able to fear these commodities at £35, India quoted £59. "If it is a question of putting down profit margin", he said, "everybody should co-operate and cut down prices."

COCHIN RATIONS UP

ERNAKULAM, May 29 (API): The overall ration in Cochin will be increased to twelve ounces from tomorrow, May 30 raising the rice quantity to ten ounces from eight allowed per adult per day. Wheat quantity will be two ounces, but purchase of one ounce of wheat is compulsory.

Further it is learnt that rations for one full month will be allowed to be drawn at a time instead of drawing them weekly.

CENTRE'S AID TO KEEP UP FOOD RATIONING

Progressive Cut Envisaged

AHMEDABAD, May 29. (A.P.I.): Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, India's Minister of Food and Agricultur, said in an interview here to-day that all Provinces had been informed that there would be a progressive cut in the help the Central Government was giving them for maintaining food rationing.

Mr. Jairamdas was on his way from Anand where he opened a hostel attached to the Bansilal Amritlal College of Agriculture.

All Provinces and States had been planning to increase production and procurement within their areas, and among them Bombay Province was foremost, the Food Minister added.

The Province of Madras had a large scheme for the improvement of about 30,000 tanks within the next three years. "If this scheme goes through, Madras will be able to produce an additional 20,00,000 tons of rice", the Minister said. "By this step Madras will not only wipe off her food deficit but will have a substantial surplus.

Movement Of Foodgrains In Banas Kantha

A "Bombay Government Gazette" Extraordinary published on Saturday states that notwithstanding anything contained in the Bombay Foodgrains (Regulation of Movement and Sale) Order, 1949, movement and sale of foodgrains in the Banas Kantha District may be made by agriculturists without a permit from any authority during the period from 22nd May 1949 to 22nd June 1949, if the foodgrains are required by them for the "bona fide" purpose of sowing.

The same issue states that notwithstanding anything contained in the Bombay Rice and Paddy (Removal and Regulation of Sale) Order, 1948, movement and sale of foodgrains in the Banas Kantha District may be made by agriculturists without a permit from any authority during the period from 22nd May 1949 to 22nd June 1949, if the foodgrains are required by them for the "bona fide" purpose of sowing.

JAMNADAS' ADVICE TO ANAND STUDENTS

Be Leaders Of Reform In Field Of Agriculture

AHMEDABAD, May 29. (API): Mr Jairamdas Daulatram, India's Minister for Food and Agriculture, speaking at Anand yesterday, appealed to students of agriculture to be "leaders of agricultural reform and soldiers in the new battle for the prosperity of the countryside".

The Minister who was opening the hostel attached to the Bansilal Amritlal College of Agriculture, said that the programme of maximising agricultural production was necessary not only for making India self-supporting in the matter of food by 1951, but for the prosperity of the masses.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, Vice-President of the Institute, said that the rapid development of the institute into one of the biggest centres of agriculture and animal husbandry was due to the guidance of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (after whose name the hostel was named), munificence of private donors and substantial help of the Government of Bombay.

The institute conducted a food and milk research department and had prepared a milk production scheme.

DISPLACED POSTAL EMPLOYEES

Deputation Sees Kidwai: Plea For Accommodation

BOMBAY, Sunday.—A deputation on behalf of the Sind Posts and Telegraphs Evacuees' Association met Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communications Minister, this morning and represented to him the displaced employes' need for permanent residential accommodation in the city. It is understood the Minister promised to look into their grievances. He also stated that he would instruct the postal authorities to carry out urgently needed repairs to the barracks in Colaba at present occupied by the Association's members.

CONGRESS ON DAMS

NEW DELHI, May 29 (API): Prime Minister Pandit Nehru has accepted the patronship of the Advisory Committee which is in charge of the arrangements for the fourth plenary session of the International Congress on Large Dams. The session is scheduled to be held in Delhi early in 1951.

The Committee has planned to collect Rs. 4 lakhs t meet the expenses of the session and several industrialists are said to have sent liberal donations. Between 300 and 400 leading engineers from different parts of the world are expected to attend.

No Legal Facilities Denied To Condemned Reds

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 28, (A.P.I.): Defence facilities were given to the accused and all legal requirements were observed in the case in which the Special Tribunal at Nalgonda recently sentenced eight Communists to death, a Hyderabad Government press note said today.

The press note added that the accused cited some defence witnesses, and these were also examined.

Dinkarrao Desai Opens Health Centre

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Free blood tests and Xray facilities are to be provided for the public at the Seth Dharamdas Samaldas Prabhudas Kothari Public Health Centre which was inaugurated by Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies, Bombay Government, this morning.

The Centre, described as the first of its kind in India, is located at C.P. Tank.

Mr. Desai expressed satisfaction at the implementation of the idea of starting a public health centre which would give much-needed medical examination facilities to the public free of cost and congratulated its sponsors.

No Change In Sweepers' Strike Situation

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The sweepers strike continued on Sunday but no incidents, or arrests by police, were reported. Dr. J. F. Bulsara, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, said that there was no change in the situation.

Friendly Warning To Consumers' Societies

Shri K. T. Mantri, Chairman, Board of Directors of the All-Bombay Consumers' Co-operative Societies' Federation will broadcast a talk on a "Friendly warning to the Consumers' Co-operative Societies", on Monday, the 30th May, 1949 at 7-0 p.m. This is third talk in the series on the subject of Consumers' Co-operative Societies. The inaugural talk was given by the Hon'ble the Finance Minister, Shri V. L. Mehta on May 3rd and the second by Shri Nagindas T. Master, President of the Federation.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

Entertainment de Luxe

Roshni

REHANA, MUMTAZALI, (Late) Mr. V. H. DESAI. Songs Dialogues, SANTOSHI Music: C. RAMCHANDRA
5TH WEEK
NOVELTY
3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Booking 10 to 12, 4 to 6
SURYA (Parel)
4, 6-45, 9-30
Central Film D. Release.

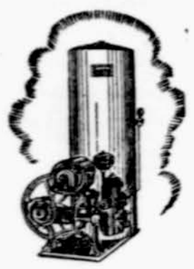
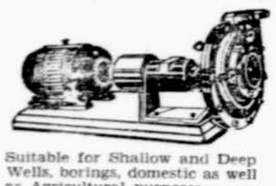
* SARAT BABU'S From FRIDAY, 3rd JUNE
GREAT SHORT STORY ON THE SCREEN!
CHHOTA-BHAI
NEW THEATRES' NEWEST
EXCELSIOR
(Adv. 9-30 to 1-30 & 2-30 to 3-30)
MINERVA
(Adv. Bkg: 10 to 12)

KASHMIR
READY TO RECEIVE VISITORS AGAIN
The Ideal Holiday resort which has Everything to offer!
Hotel and Houseboat accommodation available at very reasonable prices.
CAMPING & TREKKING TOURS
Air or train reservations made Motor transport normal again
For full Tourist facilities apply to:—
THOS. COOK & SON
(Continental & Overseas) Ltd.
(Incorporated in England)
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta, Chittagong, Colombo, Delhi, Karachi, Lahore, Madras Rangoon, Simla, Singapore and throughout the world.

STEAM & MINING
EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.
101, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.
REPRESENTATIVES FOR
"HACKBRIDGE" TRANSFORMERS
"HEWITTIC" RECTIFIERS
"BERTRAM THOMAS" D C SWITCHGEAR
"SWITCHGEAR and COWANS" HT. & LT. A.C. SWITCHGEAR
Calcutta Custom House Clearing Agents, Enquiries Solicited
(3)

FREE
To regain lost vigour and vitality just send annas 8 in stamps to get free a copy of very interesting and valuable Guide Book (111 Pages
KAVIRAJ (DR.) KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.,
Famous Specialist and Gold Medalist
Hauz Kazi Delhi (India),
Phone 40550

Amrutanjan
BRAND
RINGWORM
OINTMENT

PUMPS

Capacities from 100 to 1,00,000 gallons per hour.

Suitable for Shallow and Deep Wells, borings, domestic as well as Agricultural purposes.
For particulars apply:—
HONESTY TRADING CORPORATION
BEAUMON CHAMBERS MEDOWS ST. FORT BOMBAY 1 TELEGRAMS "HOTRACO"

KNOW YOUR FUTURE.
Send any 5 important questions regarding your future and I will send you simple, Scientific, direct & unambiguous replies with helpful advice. Fees. Rs.2/- WEEKLY FORECASTS for the rest of 1949. Gives actual events with exact dates of all the important occurrences in your life till the end of 1949

Price Rs. 3.- only. V. P. extra Send date of Birth always. FREE:- A copy of MOON TABLE GUIDE for 1949 follows free with every order.
Prof. SEKHAR,
The Great Mesmerist & Zamindar, ELLORE (West Godavari Dist).

Constant Coolness . . . .
Usha Fans are noted for their high mechanical precision, enabling silent running, with a service value of the highest standard. Available in A.C., D.C. totally enclosed with a Lucrative finish.
GUARANTEE: Any manufacturing fault rectified free of charge at our factory within two years of purchase.
USHA Ceiling FANS
A PRODUCT OF THE JAY ENGINEERING WORKS LTD.
Sole Agents
BOMBAY UNITED TRADING CO.
Distributors.
ADVANCE ELECTRIC CO.
125, MEDOWS ST., FORT, BOMBAY
STOCKISTS::
SHARMA TRADING Co., Lohar Chawl
ZENITH ELECTRIC STORES Lohar Chawl
H. A. KHAMBATTY & Co Ltd. Lohar Chawl
BOMBAY ELECTRIC STORES Lamington Road.

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Jeth Shud 3, 2005.
Muslim: Shaban 1, 1368.
Parsi: Adar 30, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-1 a.m. Sunset: 7-12 p.m.
Hightide: 00-52, 14-04. Lowtide: 06-58, 20-06.

Today's Engagements

COMMERCE GRADUATES ASSOCIATION: Mr. M. Sundaram, General Manager, Bombay District Telephones, on "Flat Rate versus Message Rate", Wadia Building, Dalal Street, 6-15 p.m.

INDONESIA LEAGUE OF INDIA: First general body meeting, Cama Hall, 6 p.m.

YOUTHS OWN UNION: "Ladies Day" Mock Parliament conducted by ladies, Cama Library Hall, 6-15 p.m.

SATTANO MAD: The drama, "Sattano Mad" will be staged in aid of Dharmashalas and Library Buildings (situated in Gopal Swami Temple Compound) at Bhangwadi Theatre, Kalbadevi Road, at 9 p.m. today (Monday). There will also be a gathering under the Presidentship of Sjt. Gaganbihari L. Mehta.

25 Ministers In A Year

HAZY FUTURE FOR MALWA CABINET

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, May 29.—The Malwa Union which was inaugurated by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on May 28, 1948, has so far seen 25 Ministers being sworn in, within a short period of one year. One cannot say how long the new Ministry, with a six-to-four representation to the two groups in the Congress Assembly Party of Malwa will last. Four of the five Ministers who were sworn in today namely, Messrs. Gangwal, Verulkar, Dixit and Srivastava represent the Liladhar Joshi group in the Congress Assembly Party while Premier Vijayavargiya is backed up by Messrs. Totla, Nandal, Pandviya, Gokhale and Sharma.

Baroda University

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, May 29.—The Syndicate of the Baroda Sayajirao University will meet for the first time on June 18. All nominated members are expected to attend.

The Baroda Medical College and the Engineering College will begin their first session in June.

Lady Rosina Deshmukh Dead

BOMBAY, Sunday:

We regret to announce the death of Lady Rosina Deshmukh, wife of Sir Chintaman D. Deshmukh, Governor, Reserve Bank of India, at their house at Leigh-on-Sea, Surrey, England, on Friday, May 27, 1949.

BOMBAY, May 29, (U.P.I.): Chinese four figure language is accepted in telegrams to or from the south part of Korea, according to a telegraph notification.

RADIO

BOMBAY, Monday.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) and 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. "Jethe Jata Thethe Tun Maiha Sangathi" 7-45 Venubai Devasthali (Vocal music). 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H). 8-30 Sajjad Husain Qureshi. 8-45 News (G). 9-0 Close down.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s) and 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)—12-45 p.m. Venubai Devasthali (Bhajan). 1-0 News (G). 1-30 News (E). 1-40 Dance Music. 2-30 Close down

244 metres 1,231 kc/s), 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s) from 5 to 7-45 p.m. and 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s) from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.—5-0 Mohan Karve. 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H). 6-20 Mohan Karve. 6-45 G. M Durrani. 7-0 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report. 7-15 Sajjad Husain Qureshi (Mandolin) 7-45 Navik Geeten. 8-0 Mohan Karve. 8-15 News (G). 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H). 9-30 Instrumental Music. 10-0 Verga's Trio. 10-30 Emmi Marcus (Piano). 11-0 Close

353 metres (850 kc/s) and 41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)—7-45 News (K). 8-0 B. V. Jadhav (Dasi). 8-30 News (M). 8-45 Ansuya Rao (Vocal music) 9-0 Close down

353 metres (850 kc/s) 31.41 metres (9,550 kc/s)—12-50 p.m. News (M). 1-0 Table Par Teen Tal. 1-10 Suno Suno. 1-40 News (H). 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye 2-30 Close down

353 metres (850 kc/s), 41.44 metres (7,204 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m. 61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.—5-30 p.m. Venubai Devasthali (Vocal music). 5-45 Anusaya Rao (Vocal music. 6-0 Sajjad Husain Qureshi. 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-45 News (K). 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Balchandra Manjrekar (Vocal music) 8-30 Saundaraya Dham Kashmir. 8-45 G. M. Durrani. 9-0 B. V. Jadhav. 9-25 G. M. Durranni. 9-40 Anything Goes. 9-45 Poets of India. 10-0 "Vitandavad" 10-30 B. V. Jadhav. 11-0 Close down

BARODA : AHMEDABAD

250 metres (1,200 kc/s) and 326.1 metres (920 kc/s)— 7-30 a.m. Morning Variety. 8-0 News (E). 8-15 N. G. Ghanekar. 8-45 News (G). 9-0 Close down. 6-0 p.m News (E). 6-10 Sitar Recital 6-25 Amralata Trivedi. 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 6-35 Majur Bhaio Mate. 7-0 Film Songs 7-15 Topic of the Day. 7-25 Musical Interlude 7-30 Sitar Recital (From Maroda only). 7-30 Topical Item (From Ahmedabad). 7-45 K. L. Jadhav (Vocal music. 8-0 Music Lesson. 8-10 Local Announcements. 8-15 News (G) 8-30 N. G. Ghanekar. (Kedar) 9-0 News (E). 9-15 Prashnottari. 9-30 Vilas Khandekar (Vocal music). 9-45 Amralata Trivedi. 10-0 Vilas Khandekar. 10-30 Close down.

MINIMUM WAGE OF Rs. 80 FOR UNSKILLED WORKERS

A. I. T. U. C. Adopts Charter Of Basic Demands

BOMBAY, Sunday.

THE 23rd session of the All-India Trade Union Congress which concluded its deliberations tonight passed an 11-point Charter of Basic Demands for workers including a demand for minimum wage of Rs. 80 for unskilled workers and Rs. 125 for clerks. Mr. Chakkaria Chettiar, Vice-President of the A.I.T.U.C. presided, in the absence of Mr. S. A. Dange, President.

The Charter asked for dearness allowance neutralising the rise in cost of living, security of service, right to work, seven-hour day and 40-hour week, 50 days' privilege leave and 30 days' sick leave with pay, guarantee against unemployment, four and half months' bonus with dearness allowance to workers in every industry, right of trade, union work in factories, release of political detenus and repeal of repressive legislation.

PLEA FOR UNITED FRONT

In order to defeat the offensive of the capitalists and to secure these demands, the resolution asserted that it was an urgent task of the workers in all industries to forge a broad, united working-class front for struggle against their common enemies.

After nine hours' discussions today, the Conference passed more than 16 resolutions covering a wide range of subjects including demands of workers, trade union rights, problems of railmen and postmen, Ganapathy, Chinese Communist success, political detenus, Commonwealth Pact and Atlantic Pact. The session was uninterrupted except for occasional exuberant cries against the Nehru regime, demanding restoration of civil liberties and release of political detenus.

WORK FOR UNEMPLOYED

A resolution on unemployment passed by the conference demanded that every unemployed should be given a job according to his capacity, be paid an allowance equivalent to Rs. 55 plus dearness allowance, free school and college education for the children of the unemployed and provision of houses for them.

The Conference further condemned "the ferocious attack on the Indian Trade Union Congress by the Congress Capitalist Government" and demanded an unconditional release of all political detenus.

By another resolution, the Commonwealth Pact to which India is a signatory, was denounced and described as an "alliance of imperialist warmongers." The resolution said that the country had been sold to Anglo-American imperialists and was carried out by Pandit Nehru "at the dictates of the Indian capitalists who are trembling with fear at the victorious march of the Chinese Liberation Army and the armed struggle of the people of Burma, Malaya, Vietnam against the colonial oppressors and the treacherous Capitalist rulers."

NEW PRESIDENT

The second session of the All-India Trade Union Congress, which concluded its two-day deliberations this evening, elected Mr. Chakkrai Chettiar from Madras as the President of A.I.T.U.C. and Mr. S. A. Dange as the General Secretary for the coming year. The Conference also elected other office bearers and a new General Council and Working Committee of A.I.T.U.C.

Mr. S.S. Mirajkar, Mr. S. A. Dange and Mr. S.S. Yusuf were elected as delegates to the World Federation of Trade Union Congress to be held at Malan in June by the AI.T.U.C. conference.

MADRAS, May 29 (UPI).—The Government of Madras have appointed a Food Production Commissioner who will co-ordinate the food production plans of the various departments and see to their prompt execution.

WEATHER

POONA, May 29, (A.P.I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the 29th May 1949:—

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar, the Konkan and the Central Provinces and occurred locally in Chhota Nagpur, the United Provinces, Berar, and north Hyderabad. There have also been few thundershowers in Assam, West Bengal, Orissa, Madras and the Madras-Deccan.

Forecast valid until the evening of 30th:

Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar and the South Konkan and occur locally in Mysore. Local thundershowers are likely in Assam, Chhota Nagpur, Vindhya Pradesh, East Central Provinces, the North Konkan and the Bombay Deccan and scattered thundershowers in West Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the United Provinces, Saurashtra, Gujarat, the West Central Provinces, Hyderabad and the Madras-Deccan.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from April 1, 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.), on May 29, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 106 85 0 0 minus 0.4, Ahmednagar 95 72 0 0.5 minus 0.6, Allahabad 107 83 0.1 0.1 minus 0.6, Bangalore 86 69 0 3.4 minus 2.0, BOMBAY 93 81 0 0.7 plus 0.3, Calcutta 97 74 T 16.3 plus 9.5, Delhi 108 80 0 0.5 minus 0.5, Hyderabad (Dn.) 97 78 0 1.4, Lucknow 102 83 0.1 0.4 minus 0.6, Madras 99 84 0 8.9 plus 7.3, Mahableshwar 75 63 T 4.4 plus 1.9, Mysore 88 68 0 7.5 0, Nagpur 104 76 T 0.9 minuus 0.3, Patna 93 80 0 4.1 plus 2.5, Poona 94 75 T 2.7 plus 1.3, Sholapur 97 74 0 3.5 plus 2.2, Simla 75 61 0.1 3.1 minus 1.0, Surat 96 84 0 0 minus 0.2.

DUST STORM HITS PATHANKOT

SRINAGAR May 29 (A.P.I.): A heavy dust storm swept across Pathankot-Jammu area yesterday afternoon paralysing communications for a few hours. The dust storm partially affected Srinagar.

Police Clash With Reds

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Bombay C.I.D. men and police constables clashed with a group of Communist delegates to the All-India Trade Union Congress when they attempted to arrest Kaliprad Bannerjee, an absconder-delegate to the Conference.

It was stated that this morning when a group of Communist delegates were proceeding towards the Blavatsky Lodge to attend the Conference of the A.I.T.U.C., Bombay C.I.D men spotted Kaliprad Banerjee, a delegate who is wanted by the Calcutta Police for the last four months. When the Police tried to arrest him, his Communist colleagues threw a protective cordon round him and obstructed the Police. A scuffle ensued and blows were freely exchanged. After a five minute wrangle, the Police, however, succeeded in apprehending the absconder.

Additional Police patrols are kept near the Balvatsky Lodge after this incident.

Emperor Mohd. Shah's Mint Discovered

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 29 (UPI). —Eight Moghul Silver Coins unearthed at Pachod, Aurangabad, have led to the discovery of Emperor Mohammed Shah's mint in Barumati, Poona District.

These coins were found when the foundation of a hospital were being dug in Pachod, Shahgadh Jagir, and investigations were set afoot by Hyderabad's Department of Archaeology in collaboration with the Government of India's Archaeological Department. About 120 miles from Barumati also three coins were found, one belonging to Mohammed Shah.

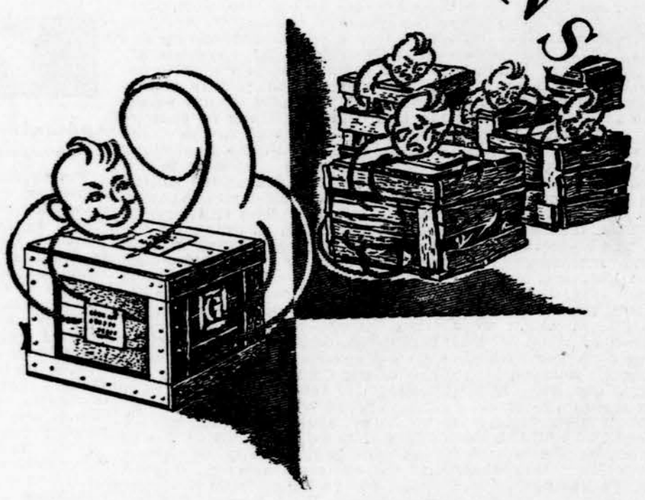
In the town of Barumati there was an old dilapidated fortress known as Kot, built by Babuji Naick, a reputed banker of the Peshwas, in 1743, according to the Superintendent of Archaeology, Poona.

• FULL HOUSES ! ... • APPLAUSE ! ! .. • CHEERS ! ! !
SHE GOES GAY & YET WILD....
SURAIYA and SHYAM They Create a Mirthquake.
Directed by:— M. SADIQ
RATAN PICTURES' UNUSUAL MUSICOMEDY
CharDin
ROXY
Daily: 3-15, 6-15 & 9-15
Sun. Hol. 12-30
(Adv. Bkgs: 9-30 to 12-30 & 4 to 6)
JAI-HIND & RIVOLI
Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
(Adv. Bkgs: 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.)
Daily: 1, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
(Adv. Bkgs: 1 to 2 & 4 to 8)
(A LIBERTY PICTURES Release)

Most Refreshing for your Bath!

A Calcutta Chemical Product
MALAYA
SANDAL SOAP
CALCUTTA CHEMICAL
BOMBAY OFFICE: Princess Street.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of one Pinnace (Launch), 60 feet, lying at Pilot Bunder, Colaba, Bombay, Zinc Sheets approx. 18 tons, lying at Scindia Shipyard, Vizagapatam and one Tug 'Zulfaquar' lying at H. M. I Dockyard, Bombay.
Tenders should be submitted in prescribed form which can be had from the Disposals Offices at New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set in Cash/Money Order. Tender form contains dimensions and particulars of the Pinnace, Zinc Sheets and Tug 'Zulfaquar', instructions to tenderers, conditions of sale and inspection permit.
Tenders should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, Miscellaneous Metals and Hardware Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 30-6-49
Director General of Disposals, New Delhi.
A.C. 30

RAIL-ORPHANS

There are orphanages for helpless, uncared for children, but the poor rail-orphan, i.e., an insecurely packed, inadequately labelled or incorrectly marked parcel, can only find its way to the lost property office of the railway, causing the consignee much avoidable worry over the non-receipt of his consignment: AND SOMEBODY HAS TO PAY!
You do not wish to make a rail-orphan or your package. Then see to it that it is securely PACKED, properly LABELLED and correctly MARKED, before it is booked by rail.
GIVE YOUR WARE PACK LABEL MARK CARE
Issued by the Indian Government Railways

The Bombay Chronicle

Life is a mission; its end is not the search after happiness, but knowledge and the fulfilment of duty.

—MAZZINI.

A NEGATIVE DEMONSTRATION

The resolutions of the 23rd session of the All India Trade Union Congress which concluded its deliberations on Sunday, have an air of unreality about them. The political part of its proceedings concerns itself with the London Formula, and the expected denunciation of the Nehru Government for allying the country with Anglo-American imperialism has a familiar tang. The description of the Indian Government as "influenced by Indian capitalists who are trembling with fear at the victorious march of the Chinese Liberation Army and the armed struggle of the peoples of Burma, Malaya and Vietnam", is laughable in the extreme. So far as colonial oppression goes, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has made it clear by his speeches and the Indian Government has shown by its deeds that India is moving energetically to end colonialism and to carry forward the fight for national freedom in Asia. The activities of the Communists have been an obstacle in the way of Asian national movements struggling against Western Imperialism. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald was under no illusion when he referred to Asian nationalism and the determination of Freedom movements in Asia to raise the economic level of the people as the strongest answer to Communism. To assert that this is subordination to Western Imperialism is to pervert the truth and indulge in irresponsible mischief-making.

As for the "demands" put forward by the Trade Union Congress, it is significant that little attention is paid to the necessity to increase production and to the industrial truce which has been negotiated by the Government between employers and workers. The A.I.T.U.C. approach is utterly unrelated to conditions in industry and it is not interested in trying to relate it. Whatever might have been the case in the textile industry, there are others in which a four and a half months' bonus would see the end of business which would be in the interests of neither Labour nor Capital nor Government. On the other hand, the fact that this bonus has been awarded after due inquiry into conditions in the textile industry, should convince any reasonable individual or organisation that there is no desire on the part of those who have the power to decide these matters, to do the workers out of their just and legitimate dues. The A.I.T.U.C. evidently does not realize that the grant of a dearness allowance "neutralising the cost of living", as it demands, would automatically remove the justification for demanding most of the other changes in salary and bonus distribution. The obvious inference is that the A.I.T.U.C. is more concerned with using the workers for political ends than with their real interests. The tagging on at the end of a plea for Communists in detention and "the repeal of repressive laws" was hardly necessary to stress the political character of the session. It is far easier to indulge in wild charges of this nature than to apply oneself to the study of existing conditions and to constructive ways of improving them, and one can understand the facility with which the A.I.T.U.C. slipped into the temptation.

Immediate Relief

An interesting point in Company Law is involved in the matter of the Sholapur Mills inquiry. The Inspectors have called upon the Government to intervene immediately to save the concern. But it is difficult to bring about this taking over. There are a number of provisions which tell one what should be done on the Inspectors' report being presented; they are, however, mostly concerned with acting on the findings so far as individuals in a Company are concerned and with punishing offenders. The rescuing of a business involves elaborate legal processes and it is a moot point whether the Government will not find it necessary to institute winding up proceedings, under Section 162 (vi), which will itself take considerable time. We publish on another page the Inspectors' account of the struggle the shareholders had to carry on to assert their rights. It is almost a six-year contest, concluding—to put it mildly—in the complete vindication of their insistence for an investigation. The Board of Directors can send the Managing Agents out, as did happen in 1933, but that was a different story. The chances of anything like that repeating itself have long been lost; and the predominant vote secured by the Managing Agents by the creation of Preference Shares which were largely purchased by them. Besides it requires considerable scrutiny to differentiate between the Managing Agents and the Directors as matters seem to be strangely intermingled. The report was submitted on April 29, and the fact that a month has passed in spite of the urgency of the Inspectors' appeal, cannot be completely explained by the delay in receiving the second instalment. In fact, the procedure of sumbitting one part first was obviously with a view to facilitating early Government action. It is very likely that the Government is considering the most suitable action in the circumstances. But, profitting by this instance, it might be desirable to have the Company Act amended by the Central Government to provide for swift and immediate taking over where the interests of the industry and of the country demand it. In matters of food and clothing, there is a special responsibility on the producers to put forward their best and to eliminate or keep to a minimum all manner of waste; and it should be duly emphasised. There are, of course, ways other than those provided by the Company Act; that does not mitigate the inadequacy of that Act in a crisis.

Timely action by the Bombay Government will go a long way to restore confidence in the general public and in investors in particular. The joint stock company is the outstanding institution of a society based on free enterprise. The necessity to keep it free of abuse is a paramount one in a growing industrial community which looks to a happy blend of State control and private enterprise such as India wishes to see in this country. It is no encouraging sign that abuses of the nature disclosed in the Inspectors' report should be possible in a concern of the magnitude of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Mills Limited. The Government has an obligation to follow up the good work it began when it took the first step by instituting an investigation. Incidentally, it might be mentioned that Inspectors appointed by Government have the power to call for all explanations, demand the production of all documents and examine officers of the Company on oath. The penalty for failure to comply with this demand is a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, a penalty which clearly shows that action involving heavy and continuing loss to the Company is not contemplated in the Act. In the light of the disclosures made in the Report, the penalty under the Act is absurdly low and this will have to be rectified for the future. That, as we have pointed out in pressing for the amendment of the Act, is a matter for the Central Government. Immediately, the Bombay Government has to clear the muddle that has been disclosed by the Report on the specific case before it. And the sooner it acts, the better for all the parties concerned.

Kashmir's Representations

Kashmir should have been represented in the Constituent Assembly soon after its accession to India. The delay in its representation was likely to create in the minds of non-Indians a feeling that its accession was in some way or other complete or conditional. The proceedings of the Constituent Assembly in this behalf should now make it clear to all that the accession is complete and unconditional. Only in the interests of democracy and friendship with a neighbouring State the Government of India has given an assurance that if by a proper plebiscite in normal conditions the State decides to separate itself from India, Government will not stand in the way. But till such a contingency arises the accession remains and is unexceptionable. As regards the personnel to represent the State, the selection will, of course, be made by a representative people's Assembly when it comes to be formed in normal conditions. But at present the Maharaja who was legally the party to the accession as well the popular Prime Minister has to make the selection. The Ruler's nomonation on the advice of the Prime Minister is the best method in the present circumstances.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

BERLIN, May 27 (PTI-Reuter): Airlift became Berlin's chief supply line again today when traffic on the rail link with the British Zone reached what a British spokesman called "complete paralysis".

As a result of the Russian authorities' refusal to pass goods traffic from the West into the Soviet Zone at Helmstedt, no train has entered the zone for Berlin since 10-30 p.m. G.M.T. yesterday (4 a.m. I.S.T.) today), a British spokesman said here.

* * *

The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, declared at Srinagar that the conflict in Kashmir was not a mere clash of thought but a clash of ideologies.

Which reminds us of the Republican-Franco clash in Spain and the —er—neutrality of the Council of the League of Nations, which, in its turn, explains the Kashmir "problem".

* * *

Pakistan, the Prime Minister said, had claimed Kashmir on the basis that Muslims were in a great majority there. India had refused to recognise such a claim and the people in Kashmir "have to give a suitable reply to this challenge thrown by Pakistan".

Kind and most sympathetic friends from Lake Success permitting.

* * *

NEW DELHI: May 28: The Hindu Mahasabha had decided to resume politics only "to consolidate the newly-won freedom on the basis of Bharat Varsha's ancient heritage", said Mr. V. G. Deshpande, Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha here, today.

Put in less Mahasabhaite language, the Hindu Mahasabha has decided to resume the old Mahasabha politics and pursue the old Mahasabha objectives.

* * *

An association for the eradication of castes in Hindu Society called the "Jati-Nirmulan-Sanstha" has been formed here by some leading social workers of Maharashtra, says a Poona report.

Where is Rani Prabhavati or words to that effect? The situation urgently calls for her.

* * *

The Association, the report says further, will direct its effort towards the introduction by the Government of legislation calculated to further its aims.

Yes, Rani Prabhavati must immediately get into action.

* * *

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, British Commissioner-General in South-East Asia, is reported to have declared in London that the Communist drive in Asia had not its biggest failure in India.

There is yet time for the Imperialisms of Western Europe to listen to India and behave.

* * *

VATICAN CITY: Vatican sources said that Monsignor Boniface Suer, 74-year-old Bishop of Kanko, Northern Korea, a German citizen and eleven other German priests had been arrested by Communists in Korea.

It doesn't matter. They will all confess the whole situation and clear it up

Indian Boycott In Ceylon

The Ninth Annual Session of the Ceylon Indian Congress passed a resolution declaring that the provisions of the Ceylon Citizenship Act and of the Indian and Pakistani Residents (Citizenship) Act, in so far as they affect the Ceylon Indians are unacceptable to the Ceylon Indians because these provisions are humiliating, discriminatory and also anti-social, impracticable and ridiculous. The Congress called upon Indians to boycott registration under the Ceylon; the following explanatory note gives the reasons for this decision:

There are as many as 850,000 Indians living in Ceylon, many born in the Island. A large section of the Indian population inhabiting the Island have adopted Ceylon as their home and as such wish to become full citizens. After groaning under a policy of discrimination particularly after the year of 1931 when the Donoughmore Constitution was introduced, the Ceylon Indians had hoped that any law that would be passed for granting them Citizenship Rights would be such that those Indians who wish to become Ceylonese would be able to acquire Ceylon Citizenship

CITIZENS BY DESCENT

In this connection, the Ceylon Government passed two Bills governing the acquiring of Citizenship. The first Act, namely the Ceylon Citizenship Act, provided in main only for what the Act described as Citizens by decent. In this Act, Indians were completely debarred from becoming Citizens by virtue of the fact that Citizenshp could be acquired under that Act only by a person who could show that prior to a declared date not only he, but his father also was born in Ceylon; in a case where a person's father was not born in Ceylon, his grand-father and great-grand-father and the person himself should have been born in Ceylon In the regulations under the Act, is is provided that in case of those whose Citizenship by descent is in doubt, they should be able to produce three witnesses who should themselves be citizens by descent and should from their personal knowledge be able to testify to the fact of the person in question being a citizen by descent. As is obvious it would be impossible for a person to produce three Citizens by descent to testify from their personal knowledge with regard to his birth.

INDIANS AND PAKISTANIS

The second provision for Citizenship is under the Indian and Pakistani Residents (Citizenship) Act which is the only Act under which Indians can acquire Citizenship in Ceylon. The procedure and the qualifications laid down under this Act are such that, out of a population of 8½ lakhs of Indians in this country not more than a lakh of men, women and children would be able to acquire Citizenship. Furthermore persons who would belong to this class of Citizenship which is called "Citizenship by registration", are guaranteed only the right of vote, and office (what is ment by "Office" is not clear) rights under the Land Development Ordinance, Fisheries Ordinance and Bus Licence Ordinance are specifically denied to these people; as for other rights of Citizenship the Government only say that no discrimination is contemplated. The conditions for acquiring Citizenship are not only harsh but untenable as well

The first condition is that the period of residence should be 7 years for married and 10 years for unmarried persons.

While, on the face of it, the period of residence is 7 years for married and 10 years for unmarried persons, in point of fact that the period of residence required for this purpose would be 10 years for married and 13 years for unmarried persons prior to January 1, 1949, because the law passed somewhere in the end of 1948 requires that the period of residence should have exvired prior to January 1, 1949.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF

The second condition that a person applying for Citizenship has to fulfil, is that he should have such means of livelihood that he would be able to maintain himself and his dependants.

This seemingly simple condition is put with a malicious background; even if a person is born in Ceylon and he has continued to live in Ceylon since his birth along with his family, Citizenship would be denied to him if he is unable to show such means of livelihood as would maintain himself and his family. (It would be worth noting that the period for apply for Citizenship under this Act is two years and that those who are unable to establish these conditions within the period of two years, would be doomed as far as their rights to acquire Citizenship are concerned, because the law provides that at the end of the two years which are provided for registration the door would be completely closed for people to acquire citizenship, except that the Minister has a discretion to admit into Citizenshiv a maximum number of 25 persons per annum).

EXACTING DEMANDS

The third condition is that a person claiming Citiezenship should have ordinarily resided in Ceylon with not only his wife but with each one of his minor children. If one of the children dependent upon the applicant were to live outside Ceylon, the apvlicant and his entire family would be debarred from Citizenship.

The fourth condition is that a person claiming Citizenship under this Act should be able to show that he has the capacity to observe the laws of Ceylon. How vaguely or widely or loosely or rigidly this condition would be enforced can be judged only when the actual operation of the law is experienced by the Indian community. From what the Prime Minister of Ceylon has said, this condition is intended to exclude from Citizenship families of such persons who may have married two wives or may have contracted marriages which are incest in Ceylon Law. Amongst many sects of Indians living in Ceylon there is a custom for persons to marry their sister's daughters; this is not permissable in Ceylon Law The Act denies Citizenship to all such persons.

It may be noted that these conditions have to be established simultaneously—i.e. if a person is able to satisfy three out of the four conditions or all conditions except a part

(Continued on page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Appointment Of Governors

The Congress Assembly Party is understood to have decided that the provisions of the Draft Constitution should be so altered as to vest the right of nominating the Governors of provinces in the President of the Indian Union. In accordance with the decision of the Assembly on this point the Draft Constitution provides that the Governor "shall be elected by direct vote of all persons who have the right to vote at a general election for the Legislative Assembly of the State". But some of the Drafting Committee were strongly in favour of nomination by the President from a panel of four candidates elected by the State Legislature. They felt that the co-existence of a Governor elected by the people and a Prime Minister responsible to the Legislature might lead to friction and consequent weakness in administration. The Committee threfore inserted in the Draft Constitution an alternative provision in favour of nomination as defined above. It appears the Congress Assembly Party has now approved of the alternative provision.

Anti-Caste Association

Social reformers all over the country will enthusiastically welcome the formation at Poona of an association to eradicate caste from Hindu society. The promoters of the association include such veteran reformers as Dr. D. K. Karve, founder of the Women's University, and Sir R. P. Parajpye and they may be trusted to attract a large number of members to the body. For several years past there has been an anti-caste body in the Panjab called Jat-Pat Torak Mandli, which has done splendid work in promoting inter-caste marriages. We should like to know where it has its office now. The new association in Southern India too propses to bring about inter-caste marriages and start a number of agencies to facilitate them. We wish the association every success. The success of general anti-caste propaganda is best measured by the number of inter-caste marriages it brings about.

Unity Efforts

Unity conferences like the one held in the city during the week-end under the presidentship of Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Indian Parliament have been fairly common during the last three decades, though the results achieved by them have been negligible. The best known conference was the one held at Delhi about twenty-five years ago when Mahatma Gandhi went through a twenty-one days' fast to rouse men's conscience to the need for Hindu-Muslim unity. The immediate results were unity demonstrations all over the country. But that feeling of fraternisation was temporary and fresh conferences were held from time to time before and after the Round Table Conferences in London. Despite all this, communal tension grew apace, often led to communal riots and at last culminated in partitioning the country. The commnal slaugher that immediately followed partition was unprecedented in modern history. Nor did partition solve the Hindu-Muslim problem. The prevalent hostility between India and Pakistan adversely affects Hindu-Muslim relations in both States. If the two communities and countries are not to disgrace themselves eternally in the eyes of the world, India should set the example in doing everything possible to promote communal unity. But this purpose will not be achieved by spasmodic conferences without a clear-cut programme of continuous many-sided action. The failure or ill-success of the past many attempts at unity show that the causes of disunity in this country are many and deep-seated and demand sustained work to ensure real progress. A body like the recently formed Sarvodaya Samaj, whose workers pledge themselves to promote national welfare through social service disregarding all differences of caste and creed can show appreciable results. Congress Committees and more specialised institutions will also be helpful if they do continuous work, even if it be mere educative propaganda.

Positive Methods

One of the best resolutions of the Bombay Conference calls upon the public to help bring about the voluntary dissolution or decommunalisation of communal organisations, especially in the fields of education, sports, commerce, trade and industry excepting those of a public religious nature, so that the canker of communalism would disappear from the country. This is a stupendous but most necessary task. Another resolution of the conference urges Government "to take immediate steps to declare illegal poltical organisations based on communal or religious considerations so that in the next general elections in the country no political party would function on a communal or religious basis." Political organisations on a communal basis are both anomalous and mischievous. It may not be possible for Government to suppress them straightaway by force, to declare them illegal. Government and popular leaders should persuade the public to join some secular political party or other. And communal parties should be left severely alone on all matters that affect political life. The Government of India has already taken a decisive step in this direction and has asked provincial Governments to ignore communal representations on political issues. A powerful unifying force is a common national language and we wholeheartedly approve of the resolution of the conference urging the promotion of Hindustani as the 'lingua franca' of India, though we shall not mind if the languae is called Hindi so long as it is most intelligible to the people of the country as a whole. The conference rightly suggests that this language should as soon as possible be the official language of the State both at the Centre and in the provinces and that to this end it should be taught in all educational institutions. Another matter which will greatly contribute to developing national sentiment, is a common dress. That, however, will have to come in the ripeness of time. But so long as we differ in dress and openly parade the badges of our community, we are asking for disuniy.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Merajun-Nabi

The Muslims all over the world celebrated the night of Prophet's Meraj which fell this year on the night of 26th May, 1949. This celebration has special significance and it has been also source of big controversy in respect of the act itself whether it was done in spirit or it was physical ascension. The mass of opinion among the Muslims traditionists favour physical ascension of the Prophet to Heaven. I am not going to enter here into the character of Meraj. I am just going to say here that this event characterised the highest point reached in the spiritual attainment of the Prophet. To a world which could not see things unless it was visible in character, the faith of Islam in respect of an un-seen God was very difficult for general mass of people to accept. Human being want to feel, see, hear, touch to believe in some thing definite. Islam wanted man to think, observe and have faith in God directly, without the help of any meterialistic symbol. It was felt that any tendency towards worshipping anything else than God tends to develope certain weakness in human character. The real strength of Islamic religion came from that source which excluded all kinds of worships for any deity but God. The later development in shape of worshipping graves of saints is more or less un-Islamic for Islam enjoys that worship is only for God and not even for the highest of the creation our Prophet himself. Meraj is symbolic of highest attainment which could have come to any living person. This attainment was the turning point in the life of Islam itself though Islam had very loyal and faithful adherents generally speaking but there was a section to be reckoned with which was termed as Hypocrtical, that was a very weak point for a new religion which had to fight so hard for its existence. It would be in the fitness of things to say now that the cultminating point in the life of Islam was reached after this event and the followers one and all become sincere and devoted. Life in Medina began to viberate with new zeal and new spirit. The progress that Islam made after Meraj was attained by the Prophet was simply phenomenal. The mission of Islam which had to face such heavy odds began to bear fruits and people living in distant part of Arabia became so eager to accept this new religion.

—DR. GULAM IMAM.

No Elected Governors?

Following on the assault on adult franchise, the news appears that the Congress Party has decided to have provincial governors nominated by the President and not elected as it was originally proposed. I was shocked to read this in the press. It is contended that an elected Governor side by side with a Chief Minister responsible to the legislature might lead to friction. So what? Is it intended that there should be no friction at all under the new Constitution? And why should there be differences amounting to a challenge to the Constitution, between an elected Governor and a provincial Chief Minister, any more than there need be with a nominated Governor? If the move is proposed out of fear of democracy, then why not say it straight off? It might have been argued—and it is not—that a nominated Governor will better serve the purpose of establishing the control of the Centre, since he will be the President's selection The possibilities of mistake in choice are about equal in both methods but in an election the people will at least feel that it is their own mistake and will lump it. The nomination method has not been a very marked success, and, when one realises that under it the chances of political appointments are greater, it is not an encouraging prospect. Nor must we forget that there are any number of "displaced" ruling chiefs available who might prove unnecessary fifth wheels to the coach. Incidentally, it might be mentioned that in the draft Constitution there is no provision for "a chief minister" in the province. As it stands, he is the first among equals in his Cabinet. Is this to be also changed?

—K. PESTONJI.

University Degrees

From the Secretariats and other offices of Government of India, non-graduates are being driven out from important positions that they hold at present. Of course, qualification must be the prime factor for holding an important position. But does the G. I. O. mean that all people with a degree are efficient? There are brilliant men among non-graduates who can compete with the graduates and there are graduates who are no better than ordinary matriculates in their knowledge. As the common saying goes that an experienced patient is better than a new doctor. I do not think that such a rule prevails in any other country.

It is a fact that a popular leader, irrespective of his qualifications can rise to the position of a Minister, Prime Minister and to the Presidential Gadi itself. Have a glace at the popular leaders of the past and present. They have come to prominence because of their intelligence and hard work not merely because of their University qualifications.

—P. K. PADMANABHAN.

Ridding Communalism

Every sensible Indian will welcome the Constituent Assembly's bold act in stripping national politics of communalism. But it must be stressed that now that the people's representatives have done their part, the people must rise to the occasion. India is still in an undeveloped state where appointments—I am not concerned with Government service so much as private employment—go by personal considerations rather than by merit. Can nothing be done to change this pratice? It is true that a great deal depends on the education of the people but will not men in positions of authority realise that they must act responsibly? If some enterprising investigator inquired into the personnel of important institutions, he could place before the public some interesting facts which might be revelations to many who do not know what is going on under their own noses.

—E. B. SHAH.

In Gandhiji's Memory

Every Bombay citizen will be proud to learn that this province is leading in the donations to Gandhi Fund. But many will be asking themselves whether we are not clutching at the shadow and forgetting the substance. It has been the tragedy of the world that it honoured its great men when it most departed from their principles. Should we not make an effort to avoid this danger in the case of one who at so many points of national life has given India direction and guidance? The other day, I was told that of the thousands who throng Juhu Beach of a Sunday afternoon, there are practically none who gave a thought to Gandhiji whose statue decorates a part of it. Surely it is not impossible for someone to give a lead which will remind us and generations to come of Indians of the days when Gandhiji prayed before vast multitudes on this very beach. Might we not appeal to our Prime Minister who does value things of the spirit above all else, to guide us in this?

—"OPTIMIST".

Omens In The Press

It is interesting to note that the news agencies, without exception, are reporting the Red taking of Shanghai with great sympathy. The suggestion is being fostered that the Communists are introducing order wherever they take over. There is a slight tendency to contrast the Communist attitude with that of the previous Nationalist regime, unfavourably to the latter. One can understand the anxiety of the man on the spot to make their peace with whatever powers that be but one wonders how far this reporting is influenced by political pressure.

—H. PARIKH.

IN THE OPEN AIR

The Screw Pine, (Pandanus Tectorius) is very commonly used for fencing in the boundaries of coconut plantations along the coast, partly because it seems to thrive in sand as few other fencing plants do, and partly because its leaves are armed, both along their edges and along the middle vein on the under surface, with such strong sharp spines that it forms a really impenetrable barrier. At this time of year the Screw Pine is in flower. The male flowers, which are small and creamy-yellow, grow in a closely packed spike enclosed in large, leafy, yellow bracts. They are very sweetly scented, and for this reason are often hung up in the house. The female flowers grow on separate plants and give rise to fruits, which, at first glance, closely resemble the pine-apple for they are orange in colour and are composed of numerous sections. The flowers of the Screw Pine have the reputation of attracting cobras to the plant, but I cannot vouch for the truth of this statement, though I have heard many stories which would seem to bear it out.

D. R.

SCREW—PINE

'Amicable Settlement' Likely In Amarnath Incident

MR. RANGA RAO'S DISCLOSURE AT MADRAS MEETING

MADRAS, May 29 (API).

A resolution urging an enquiry by an impartial tribunal into the allegations made against Lala Amarnath, India Test Captain, was withdrawn by the mover at the annual general body meeting of the Madras Cricket Association here today after the Honorary Secretary, Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, had stated that efforts were being made to bring about "an amicable settlement."

Notice of the resolution was given on May 20 by the Honorary Secretary of a member club, and before it came for discussion today Mr. Ranga Rao read a statement explaining the action taken by the executive of the Association which, he said, had already discussed the matter. Both Mr. Ranga Rao and the President of the Cricket Association, Mr. C. R. Pattabhiraman, urged the mover to withdraw the resolution.

An office-bearer of the Association later told the Associated Press of India that the general body of the Association desired that its representative to be elected shortly, should "do all in his power to bring about an amicable settlement on this unfortunate affair" at the next meeting of the Cricket Control Board on July 31, most probably in Bombay.

The Madras Cricket Association today re-elected Mr. C. R. Pattabhiraman as the President. It also re-elected Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao as Honorary Secretary for the 18th year in succession—a record in the history of any Cricket Association in India.

Addressing the general body the President, Mr. Pattabhiraman, stressed the need for a stadium in Madras. "We are losing lakhs of rupees in Cricket matches here for want of a stadium, while in Bombay they are making money in cricket because they now have their own stadium", he said.

Soccer Crisis In Calcutta

MAHOMMEDAN SPORTING INVOLVED

CALCUTTA, May 29 (API).—A deputation of the Mohammedan Sporting Club, leaders of the Calcutta Football League, is to meet the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and discuss with him whether it would be advisable in the interest of public peace to withdraw from competitive football for the rest of the season."

This unanimous decision was taken by the executive committee of the Club last night following the match between Mohan Bagan and Mahomedan Sporting, which resulted in a draw of one goal each. The meeting considered "the situation arising out of the attack on their players and supporters by rowdy elements of the public as a result of which some of their players and supporters were injured "and decided to discuss the position with the Police Commissioner.

In an incident in the match yesterday, three minutes after the second half commenced, a few rowdies invaded the ground apparently to vent their wrath on one of the Mohammedan Sporting players who, it was stated, had forced a Mohan Bagan player over the goal line along with the ball for a corner. The police interfered and nipped the affair in the bud.

According to some critics the Mahommedan Sporting team were inclined to rough play in the first half and too prone to use their weight. Earlier in the game Anthony, the Mahommedan) left-winger, was severely warned for fouling Kumar, the opposing full-back.

SPEED SKATING CHAMPIONSHIPS

PARIS, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—Next year's men's world speed skating championships will be held in Sweden during February at a site not yet decided upon. The women's championships will be held in Moscow on a date to be fixed.

These decisions of the International Skating Union Congress were announced here today.

The Council of the I.S.U. elected Mr. Sven Laftman, Chairman of the Swedish Speed Skating Association, as their representative on the I.S.U. Technical Committee for speed skating.

WATERPOLO LEAGUE

Two Divisions To Be Started

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Golwalla Waterpolo League for the Vijayadevji Cup is this year being held in two divisions in order to make the tournament more interesting, as the number of entries that the Committee hope to receive will be quite a handful.

The tournament commences on Sundays, June 26th and all matches will be played at the Victoria Swimming baths, Backbay. Games will be played on Sundays only at 10 a.m. The last date for receiving entries is Thursday, 16th June.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-40 p.m. Goan S.C. 'A' vs. G.I.P. Rly. ((First Division Harwood League).

G.I.P. Rly. Ground, Parel.

4-40 p.m. Hill XI vs. Elphinstone Mills.

5-40 p.m. R.I.A.S.C. vs. B. K. Samaj (Third Division).

BRITAIN'S FAILURES

Mancroft's Comments On Post-War Failures

(BY VERNON MORGAN, REUTERS SPORTS EDITOR.)

LONDON, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): A thirty-five year old British Peer, Lord Mancroft, went on record this week as saying at a dinner "Britain's performances since the war in the field of international sport have been nothing short of disasterous".

This Oxford University educated barrister went on to say "here in Britain we tend to laugh this off because we have always rightly, regarded the game as more important than the result. Unfortunately foreigners think differently and our lamentable performances are having a seriously adverse effect on our national prestige".

One wonders what foreigners think of this statement, and, to take one instance, how far national prestige was damaged by the recent soccer tour of the continent by an English team, even though the tour did begin with a defeat by Sweden.

One wonders if Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin, who saw England beat France before the opening of the Four-Power conference in Paris, would subscribe to this view.

Lord Mancroft has missed one very important point. He completely overlooks the fact that all sportsmen, whatever nationality they may be, appreciate sportsmanship and that more national prestige is gained by an English team that loses gracefully than by a side which wins boastfully. One can think of some nations whose prestige is not as high as Britain's but whose successes in the field of sport are considerable.

Lord Mancroft went on to say that the food shortage had a great deal to do with Britains "poor performances" and added "until we can challenge foreigners on fairer terms we should be wise to restrict our appearances in the international arenas. Our rations at the moment do not justify it".

The food bogey can now be discounted. It has been generally agreed by the medical profession that the food is good enough if the player is good enough. And to take the recent soccer tour as an example once again, would the Swedes have preferred us not to have played them, even though they did beat us, or would the Finns have rather had a better fed team to play in their Olympic Stadium?

The answer is obvious.

FRENCH HOPES IN DAVIS CUP

Third Round Tie With Czechs

By Robert Ahier, UPA Sports Writer.

PARIS, (UPA)—Marcel Bernard, France's left-handed No. 1 tennis star, is the hope of the French team when it meets Czechoslovakia in the third round of the European Zone Davis Cup play here in June.

Emmanuel Defforges, captain of the French team, said he was counting on Bernard to carry the weight for France both in the singles and doubles matches against the Czech team of Jaroslav Drobny and Vladimir Cernik, which Defforges called "probably the best team in Europe."

Defforges said that while France would be the underdog in the match, "in tennis you can't count on anything for sure."

"If we train to peak form and play in the usual French style, we can keep on hoping until the last game," Defforges said.

He added that he was counting on Bernard for a sure victory against Cernik, Bernard has a chance to score another win against Drobny if the French star has a "special day" or Drobny is off form.

In any case France will be making an "all out effort" to win in the third round matches, the team captain said.

Defforges said he has not yet decided who will be the second man on the French team, and probably will not decide until after the Roland Garros international championships.

The second man will probably be either Algerian "slow" player Robert Abdesselam, France's No. 2 player, or the young French hope Jacques Thomas, Defforges said.

Bernard probably will team with French veteran Henri Bolelli against Drobny and Cernik in the doubles.

The match will be played at Roland Garros Stadium. The French tennis federation expects a capacity crowd and hopes to clear more than 10,000,000 francs profit on the match, which will last three days.

The French have asked Geza Wortheim, of Luxembourg, to be neutral referee for the match.

The French team reached the third round by eliminating Denmark, and Czechoslovakia beat Great Britain in second round matches.

Mann To Lead England

LONDON, May 29 (PTI-Reuter)—The England Test selection committee announced today that F. G. Mann of Middlesex has accepted an invitation to captain England in the first Test match against New Zealand at Headingley, Leeds, commencing on June 11.

The Committee also announced that the following four players have been selected for the first Test match:—Len Hutton (Yorkshire), Cyril Washbrook (Lancashire), Denis Compton (Middlesex) and Alec Bedser (Surrey).

TRADES CONTINUE IN WINNING VEIN

Santiago's Splendid Goalkeeping In Harwood League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Trades maintained their reputation by gaining full points in their encounter with Burmah-Shell this evening at the Cooperage. They prevailed by the odd goal in three.

Trades were definitely the better side and clever team work was in evidence. The outstanding players in Trades outfit were Parab, his keen forward as well as a grand distributor. His youthfulness was at par. Woodcock, Govind Sanjiva and Thomas were brilliant. Bhimrao was off shade on the right wing.

Burmah-Shell's Peter was the best forward in the outfit. Murthi disappointed and his selfish play causes the forward line to be upset, and as he was in the front line today he was far too back to keep pace with the attack. Ron Wilmer was a responsible for the downfall of the Oilmen for he is a misfit in the side. Santiago is the most enthusiastic goalie witnessed on the Cooperage his season so far his saves were really good.

Trades exerted their superiority and some very beautiful movements came to nought. Parab took a shot at goal which was low, but Santiago collected and cleared. Murthi transferring play also made an attempt for the Oilmen, but it went wide of the post.

Burmah-Shell gained the opening goal of the match through Peter their left outer who accepted a fine through pass from Murthi and Sanjiva failed to collect confidently but this lead was short lived when two minutes later Bhimrao sent in a dangerous goalmouth shot that was followed up by Swami but in the schamble Laloo just managed to push the ball in with his chest. Santiago tried to collect but failed

Parab, clever schemer in the Trades outfit was proving dangerous to the Oilmen, and in particular to Santiago their goalie as Parab tried to put through lovely passes to Bhimrao and not only did he do this, but also positioned in such a way as to try long shots from about 30 yards out. Santiago was sorely tried under the bar and did well.

Both sides resumed the attack in the second spell on level terms and in the fourth minute from a beautiful short passing movement, Bhimrao sent the ball into goalmouth and Thomas put the finishing touch by a header.

Parab paved the way for Laloo to shoot from close in but Laloo shot straight into Santiago's hand, a point blank miss. Once more Parab sent in a fine positioner for Laloo but Laloo was too slow and was robbed off the ball from his feet.

If Burmah-Shell had any chances of saving the game this evening due to the few chances that came their way Ronny Wilmer was a misfit and spoilt many a glorious scoring chance. On more than four occasions he was singularly well placed to score on his own. Trades prevailed by the odd goal in three.

The teams:

TRADES:—Sanjiva; Manuel, Woodcock; Narayan, Middlecoat, Govind; Bhimrao, Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Swami.

BURMAH-SHELL:—Santiago; H. Francis, Angelo; Noronha, Santan, Anthony; A. Francis, Rego, Murthi, Wilmer, Peter.

Referee:—Panton.

JOHNSTONE'S CHOICE

Will Ride Amour Drake In Derby

PARIS, May 28 (PTI-Reuter).—An important decision regarding Leon Voltera's two French entries for the English Derby was taken here this evening, when it was announced that Rae "To Go" Johnstone, first jockey for the stable, would ride Amour Drake.

Amour Drake, who finished fourth in the English 2,000 Guineas, came out of a gallop today much better than his stable champion Val Drake, which it had generally been assumed Johnstone would ride in the Derby at Epsom next Saturday.

Val Drake has been much the better backed of the pair in the market but there was a significant move for Amour Drake today in London bookmakers office and at Windsor Races.

Johnstone said here tonight that the decision was taken after a test gallop at Chantilly between the two horses with the four-year old, Espace Vital, as the trial horse.

Johnstone said Amour Drake, with Charles Buillon Up, won easily. Buillon will ride Val Drake in the Derby.

A decision was also taken to run the French colt, Gades, owned by the American, Mr. R. Strassburger, in the English Derby.

John Cunnington, trainer of the colt, said that the decision was made after Gades had had a trial gallop at Chantilly today.

Jacques Doyasbere will ride him in the Derby and both horse and jockey will leave France on Monday and travel to England by boat.

3-POINT SCHEME TO FIGHT RED MENACE

W. Bengal I. N. T. U. C. Leader's Suggestion

CALCUTTA, May 29. (API): Dr. Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, the Indian Labour leader, stated to-day that "the fear of a Communist revolution in India has increased rather than diminished, though the Communists are now lying low in India."

Dr. Bannerjee, former President of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, was addressing the annual meeting of the West Bengal Branch of the INTUC, if which he is the President.

Dr. Bannerjee outlined a three-point programme to fight "the Communist menace". He asked fellow members of the I.N.T.U.C. to

1. increase production, both agricultural and industrial, so that the Communists could not get the opportunity of exploiting the situation which arose as a result of shortages and consequent increase in prices of necessities.

2. with the help of the organised strength to compel the Government to pass such laws as would automatically lead the country towards a classless democracy.

3. strengthen the I.N.T.U.C organisation among industrial and agricultural labourers, so that the Communists might not get any foothold among them

TROUBLESOME RED DETENUS

Reports From U. P. Jails

LUCKNOW, May 29 (API).—A spokesman of the United Provinces Government told the press today that the Provincial Government had received reports from various jails from time to time indicating acts of indiscipline on the part of Communist prisoners, such as refusal to attend the monthly parade and showing disrespect to the Superintendent.

The spokesman said that Communist detenus were allowed all privileges and facilities permissible under the jail regulations for any class of political prisoners without any distinction. They were mostly placed in superior classes.

On one occasion some Communist detenus, being transferred from one prison to another, raised anti-R.S.S. slogans as they passed an enclosure housing R.S.S. prisoners. A scuffle ensued causing injury on both sides.

A Communist prisoner was admitted for treatment in a hospital outside the jail and he escaped on March 24 last and still remained untraced.

Citing another instance, the spokesman said that Communist detenus in a jail came out of their enclosure and instigated other prisoners to break open the jail. They were directed to return to their barracks but they refused and had to be carried inside by lifting them bodily.

ATTEMPT TO RESCUE ARRESTED RED

1 Killed, 4 Injured In Muzaffarpur

MUZAFFARPUR, May 28. (A.P.I.): One person was killed and four others were injured when an angry crowd, including some men armed with guns, attacked a police party here.

The crowd was attempting to secure the release of a man, said to be a Communist, whom the police had arrested in connection with a murder.

The casualties occurred in an exchange of gunfire between the crowd and the police. The man who died is believed to be a Communist.

The "wanted" man arrested by the police has been remanded to police custody.

CALCUTTA, May 29 (API).—The Institute of Jute Technology set up by the Calcutta University and the Indian Jute Mills Association is expected to start work in January next year.

The Institute is being financed by the Indian Jute Mills Association.

SOCIALIST PLANS IN BURMA

Marx-Lenin Creed For Elections

RANGOON, May 29. (PTI): The Burma Socialist Party, commanding a majority in the Burmese Parliament, has announced that it will contest the next elections on the Marxist-Leninist platform, reports Oscar Ribeiro, PTI correspondent in Rangoon.

The Reconstruction Committee of the party has published the framework of the party constitution, "based on Marx-Lenin principles, to be practised in conformity with world and local conditions".

Five Socialist Ministers in the Thakin Nu Cabinet resigned last April "after their failure to secure rapproachement with the White Band P. V. O.'s in revolt".

The Socialist Party's announcement of the reorientation of their programme comes ten days before the Burmese Parliament's summer session, scheduled to begin on June 7.

The session is expected to ratify the Burmese Government's recent announcement that the general elections, which under the Burmese constitution should have been held not later than July 4, 1949, could not now be held "until after the rains".

Prime Minister Thakin Nu it is anticipated, will seek this ratification in the form of an amendment to the Burmese constitution.

The Socialist Party's attitude to such a postponement is not clear out it is expected that they will support the Thakin Nu Government, as it is agreed on all hands that elections under the present conditions would be impossible.

AIMS OF SOCIALISTS

The Socialist Party under its new orientation will have as its aim "to confer power on the propertyless people and to build up a new era founded on Socialist economy". To achieve this the party has formulated a set of "iron-clad rules".

The rules require would-be party members to unconditionally accept the Marx-Lenin creed, to pledge complete obedience to party discipline, and to undertake to follow the ten commandments of the Socialist constitution.

The ten commandments are: 1. to abstain from spirituous drinks; 2. to abjure gambling and other vices; 3 not to violate the chastity of women; 4. not to commit breaches of criminal low nor to lower in any way personal or party prestige; 5. to observe secrecy enjoined by the party; 6. to avoid effrontery or rudeness to members of the public; 7. not to use party influence for personal gain; 8. to obey directives issued under the party constitution without questioning; 9. to commit no actions likely to cause disunity or dissenssion in the party ranks; and 10. not to misappropriate public revenues or party funds.

Sikh Temple at Insein Ransacked?

The Sikh temple at Insein has been "ransacked during the last two or three days and the Holy Book mishandled", S. Narain Singh, President of the Temple Managing Committee alleged in a letter to the press published to-day. Alleging that this happened under the very nose of the authorities the President appealed to the "people concerned that due respect be paid to religious edifices of all communities when a town is occupied".

Recruitment Of Indian Labour

The Burma Government in a press note issued here this week informed "those interested in recruitment of labour from India" that the Indian Government had declared the occupations of all persons, other than unskilled labourers, employed under the Government of Burma and quasi-Government departments in Burma, as "skilled work" for the purposes of the Indian Emigration Act.

MARITIME SECTION OF I. L. O. SESSION

Revision Of 4 Principal Convention Likely

NEW DELHI, May 29. (A.P.I.): Keen interest is evinced in official circles in regard to the forthcoming session of the Maritime Section of the I.L.O. due to open Geneva on June 8. It is occasioned by the possibility of a revision of four principal Conventions concerning social security of seafarers, paid vacation of seafarers, accommodation for crews and wages, hours of work and manning. A strong Indian delegation is expected to participate in the deliberations.

A revision of these four Conventions, out of the nine adopted at Seattle in June 1946, was considered necessary by a Tripartite Conference held in Geneva in November last, following complaints of various technical difficulties experienced by the participating countries.

The most important subject that will come up for revision relates to the purchase of ships from other countries. The present Convention lays down that a country which is a party to the Convention shall not be able to purchase ships from other countries which do not conform to the requirements of the Convention. According to the new proposal, it may be permitted to purchase ships though they do not fully conform to the Convention, provided the shipowners and the seafarers organisation concerned approve of the ships.

NEW DELHI, May 29 (UPI).—The per capita expenditure on agriculture is 11 as. in India as against Rs. 20-14-5 and Rs. 77-9-11 in Canada and the U.S.A., respectively, according to the figures of the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India.

As compared to 1938-39, the number of co-operative societies in India has increased by 41 per cent after the war, the number of members by 70.6 per cent and the working capital by 54 per cent.

Labour News From Britain

Co-operative Movement And Labour Party

By Herbert Tracey,

Member of the British T.U.C., and editor of its official journal "Labour"

Relationships between the Labour Party and the Co-operative Movement have always been close but they are at the same time complicated by the rise of the Co-operative Party. It has co-existed side by side with the Labour Party for a generation. It claims a share of Parliamentary representation for the Co-operative Movement.

The number of Co-operative Members of Parliament at the present time does not exceed a score; but in the Parliamentary Labour Party nearly 400 strong. So political leaders of the Co-operative Movement are asking for a joint discussion with the Labour Party of the problems of organisation and policy affecting the two Parties in different ways.

The problems of policy are really more difficult than the question of how to give the Co-operative Party a larger share of parliamentary representation, side by side with the Labour Party. There is national agreement, and a network of local agreements, governing the relations of the two Parties in the constituencies. The Co-operative Movement, too, including its political wing, is brought into regular association with the Labour Party and the Parliamentary Labour Party as well as the T.U.C. through its participation in the National Council of Labour.

DIFFERENT VIEWS

But the Co-operative Party claims predominantly to represent the consumer and the household; whereas it suggests that the Labour Party in the main represents the wage-earner. Both Parties seek some form of common ownership and control of the nation's resources. Yet they differ at times on the most effective method of achieving socialisation , though their broad objectives are the same. For the Co-operative Party, the consumer's interests come first—as for instance in the matter of purchase tax.

It is these more fundamental aspects of the relations between the two parties—as these have been affected by the legislation of the present Government—which are now being brought under scrutiny. The chairman of the Co-operative Party, in an outspoken address at its annual conference a few weeks ago, said that the more industries and services are brought under public ownership the greater is the need to find an appropriate form of organisation. It was made clear at the conference that the Co-operators do not consider that Stateownership or nationalization on its present lines is necessarily the best way of ensuring social ownership and control

Where absolute monopoly is essential to efficiency, as in gas and electricity supply, the State must own them, the Co-operators say. But they also say that where consumer preference can be exercised, as in the food trade, the co-operative method is the best. From this standpoint the Co-operative Party considers that it has something really useful to contribute to political discussion. It declines to consider itself merely an echo of the Labour Party.

FUNCTIONS OUTLINED

Three functions, the Co-operators claim, have to be exercised by the Co-operative Party. It must watch over and defend the interests of the Co-operative Movement; it must press the claim of the consumer; and it must insist that society must be so organised and governed as to provide the maximum degree of free and voluntary association.

What provision is being made for this in the planned economy which the Government is working out? A little, but not enough, the Co-operators say. They accept the classical Socialist thesis that there can be many forms of social ownership—ownership by the State, by the municipality, by production co-operatives, by consumers co-operatives and even by voluntary associations of private citizens formed to take over, for example, a housing estate.

The Co-operators want to see the policy of the Labour, Trade Union and Co-operative Movements develop along these lines. In the joint consultations that are now being arranged with the Labour Party these large issues are not likely to recede into the background.

Assam Rhinos For Cairo Zoo

GAUHATI, May 29 (API): Two rhinoceroses sold by the Assam Government to the Cairo zoo have left by steamer for Calcutta on way to their new home. a

They were captured in Kaziranga forest in Assam and have been sold at Rs. 20,000 each.

People IN THE NEWS

MR. B. SHIVARAO

LONDON, May 29 (PTI-Reuter)—Mr. B. Shivarao who attended the General Assembly session of the United Nations as a member of the Indian delegation left for Bombay this morning by Air-India International.

*

PROF. R. SRINIVASAN

MADRAS, May 29 (API)—The Ceylon Government have invited Prof. R. Srinivasan, former Principal of the Music College, Travancore University, to reorganise the Tamil section of the Colombo Radio.

Prof. Srinivasan left for Colombo by air today. He expects to stay in the island for about three weeks.

*

MR. V. P. MENON

MADRAS, May 29 (API)—Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, and Mr. N. M. Buch, Chairman of the Travancore-Cochin Integration Committee arrived in Madras this evening by special plane from Cochin.

They will be leaving for Puri by plane tomorrow morning.

*

MAHARAJA OF BARODA

LONDON, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): The Maharaja of Baroda arrived here today from Paris. He attended the wedding of Prince Ali Khan in the south of France.

Macdonald On Communist Failure

LONDON, May 28. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, British Commissioner-General in South-East Asia, said here today that the Communist drive in Asia had met its biggest failure in India.

He told a press conference: "The Communists have tried to stir up trouble in India, who in many ways has made herself the leader of the Asian people, but they have not succeeded in shaking the position of the democratic and national Government" They had, however, done better in the East than in the West during the past 12 months.

In Burma for example, local Communists had started armed rebellion against the Government, although "in spite of everything they have not succeeded in upsetting Thakin Nu's Government"

Stop Press

BERLIN RAIL STRIKE

BERLIN, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—West Berlin's Railway strike settled down into its second week today in complete stalemate, with no sign of a settlement and with rail traffic on the Helmstedt-Berlin line at a standstill. Meanwhile Anglo-American airlift planes dropped into Berlin's three airports in perfect weather at the rate of two every three minutes, bringing in today a total of 6,370 metric tons.

GOTTWALD RE-ELECTED

PRAGUE, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—The Czechoslovak President, M. Klement Gottwald, was today re-elected Chairman of the National Communist Party, which ended its ninth Congress here today.

WFTU RESIGNATION

BRUSSELS, May 29 (PTI-Reuter).—Belgium's largest trade union organisation, the Federation of Labour, tonight decided to leave the World Federation of Trade Unions. The group, controlling more than two-thirds of Belgium workers voted on this by 642,122 to 78,182 with 29668 abstentions, after a special one day Congress.

R

For transporting readymade cotton cloth without a permit, Mahamad Iliyas Sk. Abadul Rahiman was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 2,000 or in default to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

For attempting to transport cotton cloth by rail without a permit, Kishorchand Karamachand was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 2,000 or in default to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment.

For importing cotton cloth without a licence, Shantilal Hemraj was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For attempting to transport cotton yarn without a permit, Kesharimal Ramadayal was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment. For a similar offence, Liladhar Narashi Motorwalla was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For importing handloom cloth without a permit, Namadeo Ramakrishna was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Negligence In Sholapur Mills' Affairs

LACK OF PROTECTION FOR SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

APART from the disclosures made by the Inspectors appointed by the Bombay Government to look into the affairs of the Sholapur Mills, there is another aspect which needs stressing. That is the difficulties which confront shareholders in having their interests protected and a company saved from the effects of a bad management. As a matter of fact, the beginning of the trouble was when the Directors proved ineffective against the Managing Agents.

The Directors of the Company are:
Edalji Bhikaji Ghaswala (Chairman), Ramkumar Shrinivas Morarka (ex-officio), Dwarkadas Shreenivas Morarka, Goculchand Dwarkadas Morarka.

The Managing Agents are:—
Shrinivas Rampratap Morarka, Ramkumar Shrinivas Morarka, Dwarkadas Shrinivas Morarka, Kesardev Srinivas Morarka and Basantilal Ramkumar Morarka.

The Constituted Attorney is Goculchand Dwarkadas Morarka.

PICTURE OF CHAOS

An interesting picture of the state of affairs between the different partners and directors is afforded in the following extract from a letter dated July 6, 1948 from the Secretary to the Chairman of the Board of Directors:

"Till yesterday, that is July 5, 1948, Sheth Ramkumarji attended the office but Cheques remained to be signed yesterday. He told me that he will not be attending the office from today, and all matters about signing cheques and other instructions should be referred to either Sheth Goculchandji and other partners of the Agents Firm.

"Formerly all partners of the Agents Firm were attending the office and disposed of the matter. Recently, that is about a month or so, Sheth Goculchandji and other partners, except Sheth Ramkumarji, are not attending the office nor giving any instructions with regard to the affairs of the Company. Even when Sheth Ramkumarji was attending certain matters regarding purchase and payment of stores which were done by Sheth Basantilalji in the past, when referred to Sheth Ramkumarji for payment he asked us to refer to Seth Goculchandji and other partners of the Agents Firm. Sheth Basantilalji is out of Bombay for about three weeks and when the matter is referred to Sheth Goculchandji as instructed by Sheth Ramkumarji, Sheth Goculchandji refers us to Ramkumarji, who was alone attending the office. When we go to Sheth Ramkumarji he refers us back to Goculchandji and other partners and the result is that the cheques have remained unsigned and the payments have also remained unpaid, as these matters are not decided by the Agents.

"There is now no one on behalf of the Managing Agents to attend to the affairs of the Company to sign the cheques, to give directions and to transact the business of the Company."

So much for the internal set-up. The Inspectors give the background of their work, from which the following extracts are taken:—

DIRECTORS' ENQUIRY

In 1943 November the Board appointed a Committee of Directors Messrs. K. M. D. Thackersey and C. H. Bhabha—to investigate the matter of purchases of stores, chemicals as well as the sales of cloth and yarn and any other matter that they might think fit in the interests of the Company and the Committee was requested to submit the result of their inquries. It may be noted here that this Committee made its report on stores on February, 28 1944 but the report on cotton and cloth was not made until April-July 1945. This report was received and the Board sent a copy of it to the Managing Agents for their explanation. Mr. Mahavirprasad gave his reply but the Board wanted an explanation from the Managing Agents for the remarks made by the Committee, but, we are sorry to say that even today no explanation has been given despite the Directors' reminders.

The allegation made therein is that, due to the negligence and dereliction of duties of the Agents, the Company was put to a big loss which the Agents have challenged, and the Board had, on the suggestion of Seth Dwarkadas and Seth Basantilal, appointed Mr. Dinshaw K. Daji as the sole arbitrator. There has been no hearing up to this time that is in three to four years, and naturally no award.

SHAREHOLDERS SUSPICIOUS

In the Balance Sheet of the Company for the year ending March 1944, the Auditors have made remarks that the loss or damage occasioned to the Company is due to the negligence and serious dereliction of duties displayed by the Managing Agents. This remark of the Auditors created some suspicion in the minds of the Shareholders. Further, it was found that, up to the time the Auditors made this remark, no action was taken by the Committee to enquire into the loss in connection with cloth and cotton, which amounted to nearly Rs. 5 crores though they had reported on the loss in connection with the stores which item was hardly worth Rs. 38 lakhs.

Thereupon, the shareholders wrote a letter to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies placing all the facts before him and, as they were not getting any explanation from the Company or the Auditors, they requested the Registrar to call upon the Company under Section 137 of the Indian Companies Act to submit and furnish all the information and explanations on the subjects.

The Registrar, however, did not take any action on the matter. He asked for certain explanations from the Shareholders. It appeared that he was treating the matter as coming within Section 137(6) while the Shareholders were taking the matter under Section 137 (1).

As the Registrar was not taking any action the Shareholders sent in an application to the Government of Bombay on July 13, 1945, but that application had to be rejected because of certain technical flaws. The Company was asked to give an explanation by the Government by their letter No. 6331-33 dated November 28, 1945, along with which the Government had sent a copy of the application made by the Shareholders under Section 138(ii) and the Mill replied at length by their letter dated December 28, 1945. In this a technical flaw was pointed out by the Company and so the Shareholders after getting the same amended, sent in a fresh application dated September 28, 1946.

INVESTIGATORS APPOINTED

Thereupon the Government considered the matter and, after getting the explanation from the Company, finally decided to appoint Inspectors by a resolution dated July 4, 1947, bearing No. 6331/33, and appointed Messrs. Rustamji N. Mehta and Company, Registered Accountants, and Mr. H. L. Daulatjada as Inspectors for the purpose of investigating the affairs of the Company. This order was communicated to the parties on July 8, 1947.

The first instalment of the Inspectors' report was submitted on April 29, 1949.

For Special quality STEEL
S.W. BRAND
KEG
STEEL
Available in SIZES ranging from 6" to 12" in length and ¼" & ⅜" Square.
"S. W." BRAND KEG STEEL will produce effective and permanent sharpness to instruments and tools which will ensure maximum durability.
KEG STEEL
MONDAL MUKHERJEE & CO.
40/2, STRAND ROAD, CALCUTTA.
PC/HM-4

NEHRU ASSURES KASHMIRIS

(Continued from page 1)

the attainment of Independence India was involved in a conflict with Pakistan on the Kashmir issue. This was particularly so because India had achieved Independence through a technique which left no trace of enmity with its principal opponents. While India was engaged in solving its economic problems and stabilising its newly won freedom, Kashmir was attacked. This naturally diverted its attention towards the defence of Kashmir. The defence of Kashmir became its supermost problem and everything else assumed secondary importance. He said, "We faced the invasion with faith and courage and shall continue to be vigilant to protect our freedom."

Pandit Nehru referred to the attack by raiders on Muzaffarabad at the initial stages of invasion and said that at that time the Indian Government had asked Pakistan as to how the raiders from their territory were able to march to Kashmir. India had also told Pakistan that she had information regarding supply of petrol and arms to the raiders by Pakistan. Pakistan's reply was that although she had sympathy with the raiders she had no hand in the attack on Kashmir.

LIMIT OF FALSEHOOD

"Even in the UNO when India charged Pakistan with complicity in attack on Kashmir," said Pandit Nehru, "the Pakistan delegate flatly denied the charge. It was the limit of falsehood and shamelessness, particularly so when equipments of the Pakistan Army were captured from the raiders. Ultimately the cat was out of the bag when the U.N. Commission discovered that Pakistan troops were operating in Kashmir, which fact the leader of the Pakistan delegation admitted later."

"India has always adhered to its promises regardless of whether the opposite party played fair or not. Knowing full well that the money given to Pakistan would ultimately be used by them against the Indian people, the Government of India honoured its promise by handing over to Pakistan Rs. 70 crores as its share of cash balance. Whatever our weaknesses, we have always tried to adhere to our promises. We have firm faith in the Gandhian ideals and we feel that no country can be great through fraud and deceit."

The Prime Minister then referred to the broadcasts by the Lahore and the Azad Kashmir radios and said that those were instances of "limitless falsehood". "From its birth", said the Prime Minister, "Pakistan wanted to capture Kashmir by any means. On my part, it is my desire not to allow them to do so. They cannot win Kashmir through deceit and falsehood".

Tracing the part played by the States Peoples' Conference in winning freedom for the country and the States, Pandit Nehru asked as to what Pakistan had done for the States people whether in Kashmir or outside. The Muslim League never had any connection with the freedom struggle in the Indian States. People in Kashmir should realise the great changes that had been taking place in India. Autocratic rule in the Indian States was more or less wiped out. Excepting half a dozen big states, nearly all the 600 States had been integrated. Democratic Governments were functioning in the States unions. These revolutionary changes in India had no parallel in the word. In contrast to this, there was not the slightest change in Bhawalpur and other states in Pakistan in regard to their autocratic rule. On the other hand conditions had gone worse.

"If Pakistan is so much interested in the freedom of Kashmir people why should she not improve the conditions of the States' People within her own frontiers", asked Pandit Nehru.

JAWAHARLAL AT GOPALPUR FARM

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this morning visited the Gopalpur Collective Farm, eleven miles from Srinagar and the Government silk factory. He was accompanied by Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar and Sheikh Abdullah. The Farm has an area of 168 acres and employs 200 workers.

Arches were erected along the eleven—mile route and people collected at various points to greet the Prime Minister of India. At the Farm, Pandit Nehru talked to the workers and their families who sang a welcome song.

The Government Silk Factory which Pandit Nehru visited is the largest of its kind in Asia, having an annual production of 1,75,000 lbs. of raw silk and 90,000 lbs. of other silk. When Pandit Nehru was leaving the factory, the workers lined up and shouted "Long Live Peoples' Raj".

Pandit Nehru also visited the Transport and Supply Headquarters and inspected the arrangements for the supply of essential commodities to the people of Kashmir.

RISE IN WHOLESALE PRICES

NEW DELHI, May 29 (UPI).—Wholesale prices, as measured by the official index (base: year ended August 1939-100), showed a rise of 1.6 per cent to 376.1 in April 1949, as compared with 370.2 in the previous month. In dex numbers of 'semi-manufactures', 'manufactured articles' and 'miscellaneous' groups increased by 0.9; 0.8 and 2.6 per cent, respectively, to 325.2, 347.0 and 528.5 and the index for 'food articles' declined by 0.7 per cent to 373.8. The group index for industrial raw materials' remained stationary at last month's level.

The index for 'cereals' registered a full of 1.7 per cent to 459.0 as wheat prices declined substantially during the month. Rice, however, remained at a slightly higher level. The index for the sub-group 'other food articles' witnessed an increase of 1.2 per cent to 249.1 owing mainly to gur prices.

NAINITAL, May 29, (A.P.I.): The United Provinces Government are understood to have accepted a tentative recommendation of the "Economy and Resources Committee" that no extension of service should be granted to super-annuated officers after the age of 55, pending decision on the Committee's report.

Indian Tea Industry In Difficulty

A. K. SEN'S PLEA FOR CESS ON PRODUCTION

CALCUTTA, May 29 (API)

"INDIA is still the greatest potential market for Indian tea", Mr. A. K. Sen, Chairman of the Indian Tea Market Expansion Board, said at its half-yearly meeting here during the week-end.

He added that it would be disastrous to the tea industry if propaganda were curtailed merely because at the present time markets for all their production were assured.

STIMULATE DEMAND

Mr. Sen said that world production of tea would again exceed world consumption within the next few years, and unless they could stimulate demand, both in India and overseas, the industry must inevitably experience the disastrous effects of overproduction which were so clearly demonstrated during the early part of 1930.

The second world war, Mr. Sen said, had given rise to two developments of the greatest significance to the future of the industry in the country. On the one hand, curtailment of available supplies of tea had led to a reduction of consumption in markets all over the world and had given an impetus to competitive beverages such as coffee, cocoa and cocoa-cola. On the other hand, by eliminating the export of tea from Indonesia, production in India and Ceylon had been stimulated

The effect of the second development was apparent from the fact that the production of tea is undivided India, which in 1939 was 463 million lbs. had risen in 1947 to 600 million lbs. During this period, consumption of tea in undivided India, stimulated by the propaganda activities of the Board, had increased from approximately 94 million lbs. in 1937-39 to 150 million lbs. in 1946-47.

RISE IN COST OF PRODUCTION

Even with the large quantities manufactured and sold at the present time, the Indian tea industry was experiencing difficulty in meeting the ever-increasing cost of production, in particular labour costs. Should it become necessary to restrict production through lack of markets, the effect which this would have on one of India's greatest industries would be serious, Mr. Sen said.

Mr. Sen favoured a cess on production levied on all teas, whether exported or not. A cess levied on the basis of actual export seemed to him to deny the fundamental truth that the industry was concerned with the sale of its produce and not with its export to this or that country.

MORE FAVOURABLE AIR AGREEMENTS

Mr. Kidwai's Promise

BOMBAY, Sunday (UPI).—Every effort would be made, in the new air agreement which the Government of India might enter into with foreign countries, to secure more favourable terms for Indian airlines with a view to making it possible them to run on economic lines, observed Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Communications Minister, Government of India, in an interview to the United Press of India today.

In reply to a question, Mr. Kidwai said that night flying during the monsoon would be a very dangerous affair with the limited facilities which were made available to planes at the various airports. He, however, foreshadowed the possibility of night services all the year round in the foreseeable future.

For this purpose, Mr. Kidwai stated, Government were seriously considering the possibilities of purchasing necessary equipment with a view to establishing radio-beacons and radio-communications to facilitate emergency night landing.

AHMEDABAD BANK HOLD-UP

Province-wide Hunt For Ferumal Gang

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 29.

The resources of the provincial police are being pooled to track down the culprits behind the daring bank hold-up on Gandhi Road, Ahmedabad on May 26. With the arrest of Ferumal Dayalmal, a notorious dacoit responsible for many cases of looting, the Ahmedabad police have sent their sleuths far and wide to net in Ferumal's accomplices.

It is expected the police will publish the details of the hold-up in the Bombay Government Gazette, with photographs of arrested persons.

Ferumal is reported to have been involved, along with seven accomplices, in many dacoities in Sind. He was arrested by the Karachi police in 1943 but he managed to escape from Shikarpur jail. There was a prize of Rs. 5,000 on his head. He was involved in Eryad Road looting case in Karachi where a sum of Rs. 80,000 were stolen.

The Ahmedabad police have been in wireless communication with Bombay in planning the search.

Two Hyderabad Police Officials Discharged

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 29 (UPI).—Mr. Arif Khan, ex-Assistant Superintendent of Police, Adilabad has been discharged from service on the basis of the report by Col. M A. Rahman, Special Officer appointed by the Military Administration to investigate into the cases of suspended officers. The Government has also discharged from service Mr. Nisar Ahmed Farooqi, Additional District Superintendent of Police, Adilabad.

RANGOON, May 29. (UPI): To achieve complete unity among the youths of Burma, a move has been made by representatives of various Youth Leagues to form one single organisation to be known as "Union Youths Association."

STORM SWEEPS BANARAS

Breakdown In Power Supply

BANARAS, May 29 (API): A heavy storm accompanied by rain, third of its kind within the last fortnight, swept the city for half an hour last night.

Hundreds of trees, big and small, were uprooted and many roofs were blown off. Roads were blocked and there was a breakdown in the electric power supply resulting in many localities in the city and cantonment being plunged into darkness. All trunk telephone lines were paralysed throughout the night.

No loss of life has been reported so far.

"TECHNOCRACY" TO SAVE INDIA

Dr. Khankoje's Advice

NAGPUR, May 29 (API).—Dr. P. S. Khankhoje, Chairman of the Central Provinces Agricultural Policy Committee stated in an interview here that, what India was in great need of today, was "technocracy"—a purely technical approach to the basic economic problems eschewing politics.

The 63-year-old one-time revolutionary said that while political matters were necessarily clamouring for the attention of the leaders and people, it was the duty of men of science and technical talents to pool their resources and give of their best to the country in her present economy difficulties.

Dr. Khankhoje, accompanied by members of the Agricultural Policy Committee, will shortly proceed on a three-week tour of the Province to study the agricultural problems at first hand. Later, he is expected to visit other Provincial Centres including Bombay, Madras and Calcutta.

END PURDAH AND DOWRY

Call For Legislation

CALCUTTA, May 29, (A.P.I.): The ending of the purdah and dowry systems by legislation was urged upon the Government by a Social Reform Conference which concluded its two-day session in Calcutta today.

The Conference in a resolution urged the mobilisation of strong public opinion in favour of widow remarriage. It asked for the enactment of legislation providing for dissolution of marriages under certain specific circumstances.

Patiala Representative For Consembly

PATIALA, May 29 (UPI).—Sardar Bahadur Sardar Ranjit Singh was the only candidate to file nomination papers for election to the Constituent Assembly from Patiala. He will, therefore, be declared elected unopposed.

The seat, it may be stated, was declared vacant due to the resignation of Sodi Jaidev, a nominee of the Rajpramukh.

TERRORIST GANGS FLUSHED OUT

SINGAPORE, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): Security forces flushed out three terrorist gangs in Selangor and Johore yesterday, killing five bandits, according to reports received here today.

The 20 bandits engaged in the attack in Selangor all wore uniform. Their leader, who escaped, had a black shirt with three gold stars on the collar.

A British sergeant was wounded in the fight.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

SHAH JEHAN arrived from Rangoon with 2,856 tons of timber and general cargo on May 28 (Turner Morrison Co.)

VASNA arrived from Karachi with 201 tons of general cargo on May 28. (M. M. Co.)

LEMSTERKERK arrived from Rotterdam with 6,279 tons general cargo on May 28. (Volkart Bros.)

STRATHEDEN arrived from London with machinery and Paper on May 28. (M. M. Co.)

DARA arrived from Basra with 2,757 tons of general cargo on May 28. (M. M. Co.)

DEPARTURES

SILVERGUVA sailed for Calcutta with 1,950 tons of general cargo on May 27.

JALA KALA sailed for New York with 100 tons of general cargo on May 27.

CARTHAGE sailed for London with 2,330 tons of general cargo on May 27.

MADRAS, May 29 (UPI): The Ceylon Government have invited Prof R. Srinivasan, former Principal of the Travancore University Music College, to pay a visit to Colombo and reorganise the Tamil section of the Colombo Radio. Prof. Srinivasan has accepted the invitation and left for Colombo by air to-day.

WANTED Patients

On the request of the patrons of PARKER & DAVIS an Ayurvedic Department has been opened to cure the patients suffering from DIABETES LEUCORRHOEA, LOSS OF VIGOUR AND VITALITY, PILES, FISTULA ECZEMA, (Including all skin diseases) COUGH, ASTHMA, PYORRHOEA TUBERCULOSIS, T.B. GLANDS and all kinds of complicated ailments of males and females. The treatment would be given totally on the AYURVEDIC system with the latest discovery of Herbs gathered from Himalaya and the Gardens of Switzerland. New Treatment by which Men and Women at 60 can be shot Back to 35. FREE TREATMENT WOULD BE GIVEN ONLY FOR A LIMITED PERIOD. See personally or send the history of the nature of disease to:—

PARKER & DAVIS,
Post Box No. 447,
Room No. 3, (1st Floor)
249, Frere Road, G.P.O Corner
Fort, Bombay.

TEST REPORTS
on I. E. W. Fans.
FARADAY HOUSE, London.
The running of the Fan is exceedingly quiet. The consumption of the Fan is small. The body of the motor felt barely warmer than the air. The general performance of the Fan is in our opinion very good.
India Fans
Save 60% on your electric bills by installing I.E.W. Fans. They are still in short supply. Keep on enquiring from your dealer till you get your requirements.
IEW
INDIA & ROHTAS
FOR D.C. CURRENT
BHARAT & RANJIT
FOR A.C. CURRENT
TARA TABLE FANS

THE INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD.
6, SIR PHIROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
FORT, BOMBAY.

SAVE FOR THE FUTURE AND FEEL SECURED.

Set aside Rs. 92/4/- now and receive Rs. 100/- after 3 Years

Buy UNION BANK'S 3 YEARS CASH CERTIFICATES,
bearing about 2 3/4 per cent p.a. Compound Interest.

AVAILABLE FROM ANY OF THE BRANCHES.

Issued in various denominations.

Made repayable to anyone, two or more of the beneficiaries

ENCASHABLE AT ANY TIME.

For further particulars please ask for our pamphlets.

F. K. F. NARIMAN,
Manager.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of 51 Lakhs Yards (Approx.) of Web Jute ½" to 5" lying at the Hat & Tent Factory, 38/1, Barrackpore Trunk Road, Baranagore, and Govt. Godowns at 2, Church Lane, and 87A. Surendra Nath Banerjee Road, Calcutta, etc.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed form which can be had from the Information Officer, Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), 4, Esplanade East, Calcutta, and also from the Disposals Offices at Bombay, Kanpur, Madras and New Delhi at Rs. 5/- (non-refundable) per set in Cash/Money Order.

Tender forms (non-transferable) contain full particulars of stores, location, instructions to tenderers, tender opening date, conditions of sale and inspection permit.

Tenders should be addressed to the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, and should reach him by 4 P.M. on July 4 1949.

Office of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.C. 35

London Newsletter:

FAILURE TO STRIKE THE BALANCE

Swami Nikilananda Shows Way To Human Salvation

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON (By Air Mail):

Do Indian lack national character? In the opinion of Mr. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, now on a flying visit to this country, they do lack national character. By national character he means civic virtues, social conscience, something that impels one to recognise one's duties and obligations to society, social discipline without which no nation can maintain its health or growth. Even those, who may be disposed to quarrel with Mr. Patil's indictment, will not deny that there is great scope for improvement in our civic virtues. The man is bound to his environment. Centuries of foreign rule has played havoc with national character. Even in this country the few years of abnormality caused by the war had had its damaging effect on civic virtues of which Britain has been rightly proud. If we want to build up national character, we must transform the world of our people. The social frame, material and mental background has to be rebuilt. No character can be built on empty stomachs. The deadening influence of foreign rule is fortunately gone. But the old order still continues. Millions still go without food while a few continue to gorge themselves. Unless we are able to have a balanced society, unless the 'Haves' realise their duty to "Have-Notes" there can be little hope of achieving a high standard of national character. The lead must come from the rich. It is their social conscience that has to be aroused. If Mr. Patil is really in earnest about improvement in the national character, he must use his great influence with the wealthy and the well-to-do to persuade them to realise their duty towards their humble brothers and sisters. The tribulations that India had undergone in her long history were due not to lack of character on the part of the common people but lack of character in those who were at the top.

WEST LOOKS TO INDIA

Swami Nikilananda, head of Ramakrishna Mission in U.S.A., spent a few days here before leaving for the United States. He was quite right when he observed that many in America looked to India for lead and guidance in a way of life that would give their souls peace. America has built up the material strength of the giant. Yet the inner happiness seems to elude the American. Technology has its pleasant features. But carried to excess it may prove as harmful as opium or alcohol. Thoughtful minds are therefore looking elsewhere for human salvation. Will India initiate them in the secret of happiness. Prof. Joad, in an Independence Anniversary message, last year, also asked the same question. He said that the West looked to India to show the world a better way of life. Undoubtedly India's great ancient culture has much to offer to the world. But that culture has not been able to save India herself. Is this not due to the fact that in the individual's anxiety to be holy the demands of social or national conscience were more or less ignored? The man thought of his duty to God, and forgot his duty to his fellow men. The sufferings of the East were due to the neglect of the material as the sufferings of the west are due to the neglect of the spiritual. The root cause is the failure to strike the balance. Swami Nikilanada readily concedes that there must be some powerful defect in our make—up if in spite of inheriting great cultural treasures from our ancient forefathers we failed to develop the inner strength, finally capitulating to foreign invaders. Our future strength wil depend on the measure of success we achieve in removing our old failings and building up what the Mayor of Bombay has described as "national character".

CORRUPTION IN INDIA

Swami Nikilananda, who spent a few month in India, was distressed to hear of corruption that prevailed in the old country. It is quite likely that the reports are exaggerated. But of the existence of corruption there can be little doubt. In the peculiar circumstances that the liberation of India came about the bad men were bound to find an opportunity to ply their nefarious activities. The administration that India took over was corrupt specially in its lower ranks. But the common man looked to leaders to eradicate corruption and nepotism. It is the failure of the leaders in this matter that has disheartened the people. What is worse some of the men who commanded the confidence of the people have themselves been contaminated. Another thing that has distressed us is the knowledge that the administration is still run on those extravagant scales which evoked the condemnation of Indian patriots. Undoubtedly some of those who attack the Government today are actuated by malice. But the Government has got to give spectacular demonstration of its determination to root out corruption and run the administration economically.

"ECLIPSE OVER INDIA"

Chowdry Akbar Khan Indian workers' leader in London, has just issued an eight-page leaflet, under the title "eclipse over India". In which he subjects the Government of India, to harsh criticism.

The main counts in his charge—sheet against the Government are:-

(1) Failure of the Government to remove Portuguese and French enclaves in India.

(2) Invitation to foreign capital;

(3) Sticking to Commonwealth.

The Indian National Congress, to all intents and purposes, says Chaudhri Akbar Khan, is following in the footsteps of the Kuomintang' Being the authors of a divided India they are intent willingly and rejoicingly to co-operate and be a ready tool in the service of the symbol of the Commonwealth." Chaudhri Akbhar Khan might be very harsh. But it is no use denying that the minds of many are seriously concerned at the shape things are assuring in India specially the "new flirtation with Western capital". It is not only the Government but also Indian capitalists who are playing a role in this strange drama. Many of the newspapers, who have spent years in advocating the cause of Indianisation, are now employing Europeans in preference to Indians, to give expression to the Indian view. I know of at least one European who; while in India, used his pen to oppose Indian aspirations, today occupies an important position in a national paper. Some of the top-men are getting farther away from their own people and getting closer to foreigners. Giving a fair deal to foreigners may be a virtue. But is it a virtue to give them priority over the nationals If the present tendencies are not checked in time, there is bound to be another revolution. If that comes the fault will be entirely of those, who blinded by their present power and position, are unable to see the red lights ahead.

EMPIRE PRESS UNION

The Empire Press Union, which represents the "needs of the press" of the Commonwealth and Colonies, will hold its annual meeting in June. The annual report, now issued to the members, expresses regret at the death of Mr. Brelvi, editor of the Bombay Chronicle", who was the chairman of the Indian section of the Council. Reports of convictions of newspopers in British colonies, says the report, has strengthtened the tendency to shake public confidence in the principles of Press Freedom." The prosecution in Malta led the Council to examine the laws that concern not only Malta but also other colonies. The results of the examination are not yet known, but it is already clear that there is press control in all colonies, varying considerably in degree. The Council considers that Colonial Press laws are special concern of the Empire Press Union, because there is no other newspaper organisation to watch the interest of that section. But, says the report," it is a matter of some perplexity. On the one hand, there is the natural and proper tendency to regard all press control as contrary to the basic principle of freedom of speech and writing to enable the Western democracies to exist, on the other hand one cannot ignore the real difficulties of a colonial administration when it has to deal with a section of the press that is of a very low quality. The Colonial Office can quote cases of grossly misleading reports, often in the vernacular of local tribes, which, though they may not be actionable under the normal laws of sedition, do tend to promote disaffection and disorder. This is the traditional plea of those who seek to keep the press suppressed. But the Council recognises, that controls create resistance and from that sympathy with trouble-making agitators the cycle of control, agitation, more control, more agitation is the road leading to unmanageable rebellion or to totalitarianism and a servile press. The report referring to India says" 'India, which had manifold press controls, decided to become a republic. Ceylon, without those laws, was content to become a British Dominion". The significance of the observation is not clear. It could not be suggested that if there were no press controls India would have remained a British Dominion."

COLONIAL PRESS

The Council has done well to draw attention to the growing tendency for Colonies to follow one another in imposing controls. For example, Uganda, having followed the precedent of other colonies in adopting the law of compulsory official correction, was quickly followed by Fiji, which hitherto had no press law at all, except a simple system of newspaper registration. Mauritius ,discovering a colonial law in force elsewhere, enabling suppression of news papers, promptly adopted it after trouble with an editor who printed something which the Government did not wish to be published. An incident to which the Council drawas attention is the one that occurred in Bermuda. In the Bermuda House of Assembly, at the close of a public debate, the Speaker spoke to the reporters present and directed them, under threat of penalities, not to report part of the proceedings. This it appears, he had power to do, by recourse to an absolute prerogative of British Parliament, long discussed in Britain, according to which all reports of debates are a theoretical breach of privilege. One unlooked for result of the Speaker's action was that the forbidden part of the debate was specially selected for transmission abroad by the correspondents of world news agencies, and could be read anywhere except Bermuda. In the opinion of the Council this process of colonies following each other in imposing controls seems likely to continue, "stimulated no doubt by fear of the seductive and seditious appeal of Communism, as it can be presented to simple people."

MARSHAL TITOS' CHANCES AGAINST COMINFORM

Report To British Government

LONDON, May 29 (UPA).—British Ambassador to Yugoslavia Sir Charles Peake will tell the British Government next week whether he believes Marshal Tito has a chance to survive Cominform pressure, writes Walter Kolarz, UPA Staff correspondent.

Peake, who just arrived in London, will submit a detailed report on Titoite Yugoslavia and its difficulties to Minister of State Hector McNeil and Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin.

Peake's prestige at the Foreign Office is high. He gave an accurate forecast of the Tito-Cominform conflict a few weeks before it came into the open. The British Government is expected to attach great importance to Peake's appraisal of the present situation in Yugoslavia and its relationship to countries of the Cominform sphere. His views will be more important because it is generally believed here that the Yugoslav factor is greatly influencing the planning of Soviet foreign policy.

RUSSIAN MISSIONS

Britain has no diplomatic representation in Albania and Peake may also provide information on the degree of Soviet infiltration into that country where the presence of strong Russian military and other missions have been reported. The question of Russian missions to Albania is expected to play an important part in any talks on the Greek issue between Britain, the United States and Russia.

Diplomatic circles here are convinced the Greek question can hardly be discussed independently of other Balkan problems. Should Russia again demand the withdrawal of British troops and the American Mission from Greece, the Soviet Government would undoubtedly be faced with a Western proposal that all Russian missions also be withdrawn from the Balkans.

Ford Strike Ends

DETROIT, May 29, (U.P.A.): The C.I.O. United Auto Workers today agreed to end the strike which crippled the vast industrial empire of the Ford Motor Company for 24 days and idled 106,000 employees.

Ford and U.A.W. negotiators, weary from marathon peace talks, announced that they had reached a mutually agreeable method of arbitrating the key issue in the "speed-up" strike.

Prompt ratification on the agreement later today by members of U.A.W. locals was expected. Accord on the selection of an arbitration method and rehiring of the 20 strikers fired by the Company removed the barriers preventing a settlement.

Appoint A Tax Enquiry Body

NASIK CONFERENCE DEMAND

NASIK, May 29 (API).—The "Maharashtra Merchants' Conference today urged the Government to appoint a Tax Enquiry Committee in order to bring about uniformity in the present tax structure of the country and to abolish "improper taxes."

The Conference said in a resolution, capital was not forthcoming freely owing to new taxes which were being levied by Central and Provincial Governments and the municipalities. Added to this the different systems of tax collection was causing confusion, the resolution stated.

By another resolution the Conference urged reconsideration of the prohibition policy of the Bombay Government and suggested reduction of license fees and granting of permits for the manufacture of power alcohol. The Conference thought that the present policy was causing hardships to the sugar industry and manufacturers of ayurvedic drugs like asavas and arishtas.

The Conference supported the demand for the early formation of United Maharashtra Province, including Bombay, and in the same resolution demanded that Hindi written in Devnagri script should be declared the national language of India which was "essential to preserve India's freedom and unity."

SINCLAIR LEWIS VISITS ITALY

Finds People Friendly And Charming

NEW YORK, May 29, (U.P.A.): Novelist Sinclair Lewis, returning after seven months in Italy where he had been working on a new book, said he found the Italian people more "friendly and charming than ever. Of course there is a lot of poverty but a tourist does not encounter that unless he looks for it".

U. S. Navy Now Has An Improved Rocket

WASHINGTON, May 29 (UPA): The U.S. Navy last night announced development of an improved rocket which, it said, will materially advance the military's efforts to perfect guided missiles. The rocket is a modified version of the five-ton Viking which the Navy sent soaring to an altitude of 51 1|2 miles at a speed of 2,250 miles an hour in a test last May 3.

Ten new Vikings will be built, each incorporating improvements in power, control and design suggested by the predecessor. Each will cary research instruments into the upper atmosphere. The Vikings' development, the Navy said, "will materially advance guided-missile art and national defence." It said that the immediate aim is "development of an American high-altitude rocket that will exceed the German V-2 in performance."

The Viking has yet to equal the V-2's record. A modified V-2 soared 114 miles at White Springs and later a Navy WAC Corporal shot up to about 250 miles after being carried aloft by a V-2. The Viking is a 45-foot pencil-shaped rocket which gets power from burning liquid oxygen and alcohol.

The Viking tested on May 3 hit its peak altitude 163 seconds after take-off. It rose 15 miles under power and coasted the rest of the way to its zenith. At top velocity it was traveling three-and-a-a-half times faster than sound. But the Navy wants an over better performance " and higher altitude in future flights."

Sarawak "Rajah" In London

RE-ENTRY CASE TO BE FOUGHT

LONDON, May 29 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Anthony Brooke, ex-Rajah Muda (Crown Prince) of Sarawak, arrived here last night from Singapore "in connection with the campaign for the restoration of Sarawak as an independent state".

Mr. Brooke said he would see several British Members of Parliament later despite the British Government ban against him. He intended to return to the former "kingdom of the white rajahs" to disprove "the Government's belief that if I were to enter Sarawak there would be insurrection."

The former Crown Prince has been in Singapore for over two years seeking permission to re-enter Sarawak from which he has been barred since July 1946 when his uncle Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, the last "White Rajahs" ceded the territory to Britain.

Mr. Brooke and his father, Captain Bertram Brooke, last July challenged the legality of Sarawak's transfer before the Resident's Court at Brunei.

Mr. Brooke said last night litigation was pending before the Privy Council, the British Empire's final appeal tribunal.

INDIAN BOYCOTT IN CEYLON

(Continued from page 4)

of a condition he and his family cannot become Citizens of Ceylon.

To establish these conditions the Act lays down a procedure:

That a person claiming Citizenship should 'first prove' that he is an Indian resident permanently settled in Ceylon

This condition is as ridiculous as it is un-understandable; because before a person has even had an opportunity of submitting an application for Citizenship, how is it possible for him to prove that he is permanently settled in Ceylon?

That the person in question has to make an application for Citizenship —the application should be accompanied by an affidavit as also an answer to a questionnaire that would be set by the administration. In addition to these papers the applicant may submit a list of witnesses as well as an affidavit by each of those witnesses.

INVESTIGATION

When these papers reach the Officer in charge of Registration he would hand them over to the investigators who would go for investigation not only to the place where the applicant may be at the time of application but also to the places where the applicant may claim to have been in the past. If the investigator is not satisfied about the correctness of the declaration and sw jb o..fg + ½ ttttttt answers to the Questionnaire, the applicant will be called upon to appear before the Officer to show cause why his application should not be rejected.

In such a case appearance with legal assistance would be necessary in by far a large number cases; it is obvious that such legal assistance is beyond the means of Estate Workers.

OBJECTIONS ASKED FOR

After all these hurdles are gone through the Government would announce in the Gazette the name of the Applicant for Citizenship and would invite objections if any. In the case of objections there are no deterrent conditions to prevent any one from objecting to the recognition of a person as a Citizen; the person objecting has to merely state the reason why he is objecting and the applicant would be called upon to make an answer to these objections; this would also mean legal expenses to the Applicant for Citizenship. Such a procedure would be beyond the means of a very large majority of Indians who have made this country as their homes.

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

Next Venue At Geneva

LAKE SUCCESS, May 29. (PTI): After a lengthy discussion of the relative merits of Geneva and Lake Success, the UN Human Rights Commission decided to recommend to the Economic and Social Council that its next session be held in Geneva writes D. P. Wagle, PTI representative at United Nations.

India and Australia were among four countries opposing the change, which was propoed by France. Dr. P. C. Chang. China, said there was no force in the argument that a session in Europe would obtain more publicity for the Commission.

If it was only a question of European "prestige", Dr. Chang said, then a resolution could be adopted "recognising that Europe was the cradle of modern civilisation". Mr. A. P. Pavlov, Soviet Russia, said it was not a question of European prestige—if it were, "any one would propose Nanking"

Mr. Pavlov complained that New York pressmen were too preoccupied to pay any attention to the Human Rights Commission. The local European, on the contrary, was "much more sensitive" to the question of human rights, he said, The Lake Success building was like a "bann or garrage" compared to the facilities at Geneva, Mr. Pavlov said, and not dignified enough to house the United Nations.

Rita & Ali Married Under Moslem Law

NICE May, 29 (PTI-Reuter): Prince Ali Khan and Princess Margarita (Rita Hayworth) were married under Moslem canon law at the Chateau De L'Horizon—the Prince's home at Golfe Juan—last night.

The couple were married under French civil law at Vallauris village hall on friday.

The Moslem ceremony, which was very brief, was conducted by two Imams of the Paris Moslem mosque in the presence of about a dozen friends and relations of the Prince and Princess.

The Aga Khan, the Prince's father, did not witness the ceremony having left earlier for Paris.

MEDICAL RELIEF TO TITHWAL AREA

Sheikh Abdullah Praises Work Of Indian Army

SRINAGAR, May 29. (UPI): Sheikh Abdullah, Kashmir Premier, expressed gratification at "the splendid work" that medical units of the Indian Army in Tithwal area were doing in serving the civilian population of Kashmir.

Accompanied by Lt. Gen. Shrinagesh, G.O.C.-in-C, Western Command, and Major Gen. K. S. Thimayya, G.O.C., Indian troops in Kashmir, Sheikh Abdullah paid a visit to the military hospitals for civilian purposes in the area and congratulated the officers and men of the Indian Army on the "excellent work" that was being done by them.

During the last month, 1,400 local inhabitants, including 300 women, were treated at the military dispensaries in Tithwal for various diseases. Before the cease-fire, 6 women had been very seriously injured due to enemy shelling. Their husbands had been kidnapped by the raiders while engaged on their fields. These women were indoor patients in army hospitals in Tithwal area and cut off from the valley of Kashmir due to snow. The women were completely cured and villagers came out to receive them in large numbers and thank the army doctors

When smallpox broke out in the area, 3,000 persons were vaccinated. A thousand labourers working with the army were protected against typhus.

PAKISTAN "WILL TAKE KASHMIR", SAYS HAROON.

HYDERABAD (Sind): "Kashmir we shall take", said Sind's Premier, Mr. Yusuf Haroon, addressing 30,000 people here last night.

He added: "If Kashmir is lost, Pakistan will never be safe; we shall abide by the free verdict of the people of Kashmir".

Kills Nagging Wife: Surrenders

KLAMATH FALLS, (Oregon), May 29, (U.P.A.): Sheriff Jack Franey said today William H. Rice, 40, a contractor, confessed today that he had killed his wife. Jenny, and dismembered her body. The woman's torso was found trussed and neatly cut up in the Klamath River on Friday.

Rice appeared voluntarily in the Sheriff's Office and said the body was that of his wife. Two weeks ago, Rice reported his wife missing. At that time, Rice was seeking a divorce. The final decree was granted on May 13.

The Coroner's office estimated the body had been in the water since April 9.

Rice, according to the Sheriff, said his wife had nagged him, slapped his face in front of other people, accused him of associating with other women and threatened to take the children and disappear. Mrs. Rice was the mother of two children by a previous marriage and a third by Rice.

U. S. Treasurer Killed In Car Accident

WASHINGTON, May 29, (U.P.A.): William Alexander Julian, Treasurer of the United States, was today killed in a headon automobile collision at nearby Bethesda, Maryland, while driving to the golf club for his customary Sunday morning round of golf.

INDIAN JUDGE'S ATTITUDE IN TOKYO TRIAL APPRECIATED

Mrs. Tojo's Letter Conveying Late Premier's Reflections

CALCUTTA, May 29. (A.P.I.):

JAPAN'S wartime Premier Hideki Tojo, who was executed last December on charges of war crime, considered that the peoples of East Asia had the right to survive on the basis of equality and freedom side by side with other Powers.

These were among his thoughts before execution, according to a letter received by Dr. Radha Binode Pal, Indian Judge on the International Military Tribunal for the Far East, from Mrs. Katsuko Tojo, widow of the late Premier.

The Tribunal sentenced Hideki Tojo to death, but Dr. Pal, in a dissenting judgment, had held him and other accused not guilty.

LESSONS OF WAR.

Mrs. Tojo said in her letter that before his execution her husband had expressed the hope that "the people of East Asia will forget the past, and will be able to get along happily with other Powers". He considered it fortunate that through the last war people had begun to understand the right to survival of the people of East Asia. Other Powers should also recognise such a state of affairs and accept the principle of co-prosperity.

The late Premier stated that they were all proud of the attitude of the Indian Judge (Dr. Pal) in their trial and grateful to him. Mrs. Tojo in her letter added that this feeling was shared by others who were arraigned before the Tribunal, and their families and many others.

Mrs. Tojo also expressed her wishes for the prosperity of India.

RETURN OF ARAB REFUGEES

No Agreement Yet

TEL AVIV, May 29. (PTI-Reuter): An Israeli Foreign Office spokesman denied today a report from Lausanne saying that Israel agreed to return 300,000 Arab refugees.

The spokesman said there was no change in the Israel's stand that the problem of the return of the refugees be settled within the peace settlement.

Rumania Dismisses 137 Clergy Members

BUCHAREST, May 29. (U.P.A.): The Rumanian Government announced today that it had "dismissed" 137 members of the Roman Catholic Clergy, including two Bishops, as "agents of imperialism".

The dismissal was the most far-reaching step the Government had taken against the Church since August, 1948, when it adopted a new law banning "foreign religious intervention" and placed the Clergy under the Government.

SIKH PILGRIMS IN LAHORE

3-day Visit To Dehra Sahib Gurudwara

LAHORE, May 29 (PTI-Reuter): A "jatha" of 56 pilgrims led by Sardar Basant Singh Mogha, arrived here today on a three-day visit to the Dehra Sahib Gurdwara, the shrine of Guru Arjan Dev, fifth Sikh Guru, whose anniversary is being observed on May 31.

The pilgrims who crossed the Indo-Pakistan border at Wagah early to-day were met by Mr. S. S. Jaffri, Deputy Commissioner, on behalf of the West Punjab Government, and Mr. A. Chandra, Second Secretary, on behalf of the Indian Deputy High Commissioner in Pakistan.

The pilgrims while in Lahore will be State guests.

Sikh 'Jatha' Leaves For Lahore

AMRITSAR, May 29. (UPI): Fifty Sikh pilgrims headed by Sardar Basant Singh Moga, Acting President of the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbanbandhak Committee proceeded to-day to Lahore for celebration of "Shaheedi Dewan" at Gurdwara Dera Sanib. The Jatha will return to Amritsar tomorrow. Special permission was obtained from the West Punjab Government for the sacred ceremony.

Inflation And Prohibition

MIRAJ, May 29, (A.P.I.): Mr. L. M. Patil, Excise Minister of Bombay described as "fantastic" the view of some financial experts that inflation prevailing in the country "will go to its heights" by the implementation of the prohibition scheme

Mr. Patil who was addressing village officers of Miraj Taluka explained the Government's prohibition scheme and said that in order to check illicit distillation' "punitive police will be posted in villages where there are people engaged in such work".

Mr Patil is proceeding to Bombay tomorrow morning.

ONLY WAY OPEN TO FRENCH POCKETS

PONDICHERRY, May 29, (A.P.I.): A new journal called "Liberation", advocating merger of the Indian French settlements with the Indian Union, has been started here. The journal in a leading article says: "The only way" open for these French pockets is to merge with the neighbouring Indian Union.

The journal is published in French but the management propose to bring out Tamil and English editions soon.

HYDERABAD (Dn), May 29. (UPI): A number of houses belonging to members of the Harijan community were destroyed in two fires which broke out at Adilabad. Steps have been taken by the authorities to render necessary relief to the sufferers.

Plot Against Bolivian Govt.

LEADERS ARRESTED

LA PAZA, BOLIVIA, May 29 (UPA). —An official announcement said a vast revolutionary plot that would have plunged Bolivia into civil war was discovered this week and the planners were arrested.

Interior Minister Alfred Mollinedo said the conspiracy called for a general strike to paralyze American-owned tin mines and all other activities as the first step in the revolt. He said the plot was organized by the National Revolutionary movement which was overthrown in 1946. Juan Lechin, Bolivia's most powerful labour leader and head of the Tin Miners' Union, was among those arrested and deported.

WHITE AUSTRALIA POLICY

Economic Not Racial, Says Mr. Chiefley

CANBERRA, May 29 (PTI-Reuter). —Mr. Joseph Chiefley, Australian Prime Minister, said today that Australia would not be a party to "any false idea that the troubles of Asia can be cured or slightly improved by migration of Asian people to Australia."

Mr. Chiefly, who was speaking in the weekly broadcast "report to the nation," said the reasons for the exclusion of Asiatics from permanent residence were not racial but economic.

"This country is aware that sooner or later trouble and misery must result when people of different races, living standards, cultures and background live side by side in the same community.

Farm Strikers Clash With Italian Police

ROME, May 29 (PTI-Reuter): Seven policemen and an unknown number of civilians were injured in a clash between striking farm workers and police last night in Stagno Lombardo, near Cremona, north Italy, it was reported early to-day.

The incident which came at the start of the twelfth day of the strike of 2,000,000 farm workers, began when two policemen intervened to disperse a meeting which they claimed was unauthorised.

They were attacked and severely beaten with sticks by an excited crowd. Shots were fired into the air by both demonstrators and police.

The police charged the crowd in jeeps and order was finally restored. Seventy people were arrested. Minor incidents were also reported from Mantua, in Lombardy, and Novara. in Pied-Mont.

Inquiry Into Police Firing In U. P. Village

LUCKNOW, May 29 (API): An "on-the-spot" enquiry has been ordered by the U.P. Government into the reported police firing on Thursday in the village of Johwanakati described as a Communist stronghold in the Raebareli District which resulted in the death of three persons and injuries to six others.

According to the District authorities, the police were "compelled to open fire in self-defence" following an armed attack on the official party, who had gone to the village to collect grain, by a crowd of nearly 20 villagers who, it is stated, were armed with lathis and other weapons.

The villagers are reported to have been directed by their leaders to offer armed resistance to Government officials and agents when they came to collect grain.

5 MORE MINISTERS FOR MADHYA BHARAT

Including 4 From Former Ministry

GWALIOR, May 29 (API): Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Premier of Madhya Bharat, announced here to-day the appointment of five more ministers, bringing the total strength of the Cabinet to ten.

Four of the new ministers are from the former Ministry headed by Mr. Liladhar Joshi.

Another Minister will be appointed when Mr. Joshi returns here, said an official 'communique' which announced the ministerial appointments.

The Ministers will be sworn in by the Rajpramukh this evening or tomorrow, it said.

The 'communique' said "Mr. Vijayavargiya, the Premier of Madhya Bharat, who returned here from Delhi early this morning after consultations with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has announced the names of the following five more ministers to his existing Cabinet of five: Messrs. Jagmohan Lal Srivastava, R. K. Dixit, Misrilal Gangwal Kalu Ram, Kaluram Virulekar and Mr. Raghunandan Saran Sharma.

"First four of these have been taken up from the former Ministry headed by Mr. Liladhar Joshi. The Madhya Bharat Cabinet now consists of ten ministers including the Premier.

"It has also been decided that when Mr. Liladhar Joshi returns one more name will be added to the Cabinet."

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

How Bombay Lives

This is a typical hutment of the Babula Tank Colony. Note the rags and patchwork quilts that makes a shelter from the sun in the day time. At night this 'roof' may become a bed. Note the little girl, standing guard on the household utensils, with fear writ large on her face, while mother has gone to fetch water.

Ignored Human Cargo In City

500 REFUGEES STRUGGLE FOR EXISTENCE

THE BABULA TANK playground is now occupied by about a hundred ramshackle hutments. In these dirty hovels 'live' nearly 500 persons. All of them are refugees. Fleeing from place to place during the dark days of the communal terror of two years ago, they have arrived in Bombay, and no doubt like its comparative safety.

But life presses on them—harsh and real and they have not much time to dwell in the past. In this camp are farmers, merchants, artisans and a few workers. None of them were rich at any time, but quite a few were accustomed to live decent, respectable lives. Torn from their homes, deprived of their normal avocations, they have clustered together in this ragged hutment colony—with nothing more common between them except their misery.

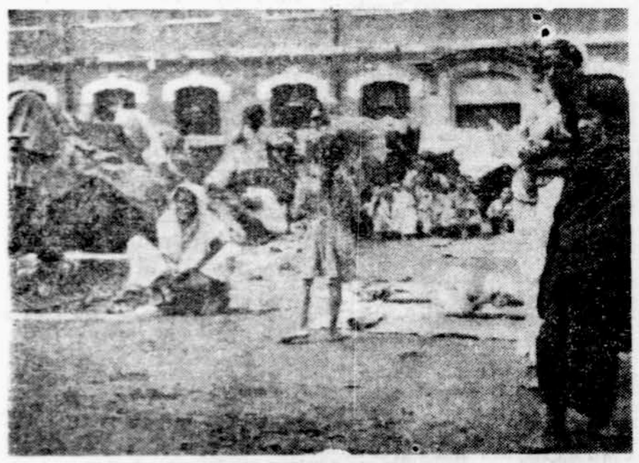
Most of them are still unemployed. The bulk of them are women or old and the infirm. Few have any proper means of livelihood and drag on an uncertain and precarious existence.

For five months now they have been camping here, daily harassed and threatened by the watchmen of the playgrounds, who naturally regards them as pure trespassers. The Government, the Municipality and Committees and organisations of citizens and refugees have ignored this group and left them entirely to their own fate.

How long they can survive here, in the face of the pitiless monsoon that is about to break, is more than any of them can foretell. They are just leaves in a storm.

Today they are clinging together to this narrow piece of earth and this insubstantial shelter.

Tomorrow? It is a question they dare not face.



This is a general view of the huts, the old women and the children give an idea of the nature of this colony.
Photos: ..Studio Naseem.

The dwellers in this colony, as others similarly placed, are utterly indifferent to dirt and unmindful of rules of sanitation. Here, a woman has just dumped a lot of kachra a little away in front of her "home" and is calmly walking back.

This is a general view of the colony. The cameraman's presence brought together all these children in a thick cluster. The cameraman could not just dodge them. They came into the picture although as a somewhat faint blur.

Nehru Cheers Refugee Boys

SRINAGAR, May 29. (UPI):— Inspite of having a busy programme yesterday, Pandit Nehru had time to spend a few moments with three or four refugee boys while returning after visiting Sher-e-Kashmir canteen for troops. He was going over the bund accompanied by Sheikh Abdullah when he noticed these boys walking.

He went near them and after putting a few questions to them, gave them a word of cheer. The boys smiled and greeted the Prime Minister.

WOMEN MUST GET FULL OPPORTUNITIES

Mrs. Asaf Ali's Call

CALCUTTA, May 29. (API): The Socialist leader, Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali, said here yesterday that freedom was meaningless unless it gave women the completest opportunity to function as useful and progressive elements of society.

Inaugurating a social reforms conference, Mrs. Aruna Asaf Ali told a gathering of men and women that exploitation of women would not come to an end by merely preaching or agitating against certain customs. As long as women were denied an economic function in society, they would remain bound. On the other hand, she said, no amount of progressive legislation could give women the status of freedom unless they began to regard themselves as individuals who must work for their living and not make of marriage a mere profession.

FINAL LIST OF ORISSA STATES RULERS' PROPERTIES

V. P. Menon To Hold Discussions

PURI, May 29. (UPI):

MR. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, Government of India, will reach Bhubaneshwar by air to-morrow noon from Madras wherefrom he will proceed to Puri by car. He will stay at Puri for three days according to his present programme.

It is understood that Mr. Menon's visit is in connection with the finalisation of the list of private properties of the rulers of the States in Orissa which have been merged with the Province.

Most of the rulers of Orissa including the Maharaja of Patna, Maharaja of Kalahandi, Raja Saheb of Gangpur have already arrived here. The others are expected to arrive to-day.

Sir Sultan Ahmed, who, it is understood, will act as the Legal Adviser to the rulers has also arrived here.

Mr. Menon will hold informal discussions with the rulers during his stay. It is expected that a conference of the rulers and Orissa Government representatives will be convened by Mr. Menon so that an agreed list of private properties of the rulers might be drawn up.

Shri Harekrishna Mahtab, Premier of Orissa, and Mr. D. V. Rege, Adviser for States, Government of Orissa, will also participate in the discussion.

It may be recalled that a tentative list was drawn up few months ago at a conference of these rulers and representatives of Orissa Government and forwarded to the Government of India. But the list needed some alteration in the light of the information gathered in the States areas regarding State and private properties of the rulers. The object of Mr. Menon's visit now, it is learnt, is to finally settle what properties will be termed as "personal and private" and what will be "State". The list drawn up now on the basis of the discussions between the rulers and Mr. Menon will be final and the private properties will be made over to the rulers, it is further learnt.

DEMOCRATISATION IN MYSORE STATE

Dewan's Post To Be Abolished

BANGALORE, May 29. (API):— A larger measure of democratisation is expected to result in the ministerial setup in Mysore following the decisions reached yesterday by the joint meeting of the Congress parties of the State Assembly and Council.

The meeting considered the three-point formula which was evolved at the Assembly party meeting on Friday and gave their approval for its implementation.

It is understood the Maharajah will shortly issue a proclamation abolishing the office of Dewan. This will take effect from August 7 when the present incumbent relinquishes office.

The party elected the present Chief Minister Mr. K. C. Reddy as leader, thereby obviating the necessity for any immediate change in the Cabinet. It was decided to have a deputy leader and Mr. K. Hanumanthiah was elected to that office.

Mr. Hanumanthiah, who led the move for the reorientation, said after the meeting that Saturday's decisions marked a definite step in the progress of rapid democratisation. The position that emerged would be approximate to that in the provinces, and this was a definite achievement.

Tapase Worships In Kalaram Temple

NASIK, May 28. (UPI): Bombay's Harijan Minister for Industry and Fisheries Mr. G. D. Tapase entered the historic Kalaram Temple in Panchavati this morning for the first time after the temple was thrown open to Harijans.

The priest of the temple received the minister and gave him a cocoanut garland as "prasad".

Earlier Mr. Tapase visited the sacred Ramkund near river Godavari.

NAGPUR, May 29. (UPI):— 'Mobile Courts' a novel experiment, which facilitates 'quick deal' with people violating the road and other traffic rules were filmed here yesterday with a view to educating public opinion with regard to the importance of the traffic rules in the national life of the country.

43 ARRESTED AT FARIDKOT

Demonstration Against P.E.P.S.U. Ministers

AMBALA, May 29 (UPI).—According to information received here, 43 persons were taken into custody till yesterday at Faridkot for staging a black flag demonstration protesting against the visits of two P.E.P.S.U. Ministers, Giani Zai Singh and Sardar Harcharan Singh.

The police are also reported to have used lathis to disperse the hostile demonstrators.

PATIALA'S ADVICE TO STUDENTS

PATIALA, May 29 (A.P.I.): The Maharaja of Patiala, Rajpramukh of the Patiala and East Punjab States Union, addressing students of Mahendra College here yesterday asked them to persevere and work for the 'greatness' of the nation.

"We may be Hindus, Sikhs or anybody, but we have to be one and prove to be good sons of Mother India", he said.

Committee To Look After Salar Jung's Property

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 29 (UPI) —A committee has been appointed to administer the estate of the late Nawab Salar Jung Bahadur. The Committee, under the general control of the Government, shall administer the estate and in doing so shall have all the powers and duties of the Court of Awards. No person, including heirs, if any, of the late Salar Jung, is entitled to the possession of the estate so long as it is under the administration of the Committee and at any time prior to it, if so required by Government, it shall render to Government an account of its administration.

Hyderabad Leftist Leader's Appeal To Delhi

HYDERABAD, May 29 (UPI).—Dr N. M. Jaisoorya, son of late Mrs Sarojini Naidu and a prominent leftist leader of Hyderabad, today called upon the Government of India to send better men to Hyderabad in order to retrieve its badly damaged reputation or get out.

Dr. Jaisoorya charged the State Congress with creating confusion by their repeated 'volte face.'

Industrial Estate In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Sind), May 28 (UPI) —A huge industrial estate housing 100 factories and employing 20,000 workers will shortly rise here, Manager of the Trading Estate, Mr John Perry stated today.

The Trading Estate will be run under the aegis of the Sind Government, and will be provided with cheap electricity and water supply.

Industrialists have been asked to apply for sites on the estate for banks, hosiery, tanning, vegetable oil and engineering factories.

11 Madhya Bharat M.L.A.s To Join Congress

GWALIOR, May 29 (UPI).—Eleven non-Congress members of the Madhya Bharat Legislature have applied for membership of the Congress Assembly Party, it is reliably learned.

Mr. Jagmohanlal Srivastava, non-party Minister in the Vijayavargia Ministry, is prominent among those who are entering the Congress fold.

29 'REDS' COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

For Alleged Dacoity At Sivapuram

CANNANORE, May 29. (UPI):— Mr. C. Achuthan Nair, Special Magistrate passed orders yesterday committing V. Chandukutty Nambiar and 28 other Communists to stand their trial before the Sessions Court, Tellicherry.

The charge against the accused was that on May 8 last they formed themselves into an unlawful assembly, committed dacoity at Sivapuram in Kottayam Taluk and caused grievous hurt to one K. Krishnana Nambiar.

The case was originally instituted against 48 Communists of whom 19 were discharged for want of evidence.

No Cinema Shows In C. P. On June 1

NAGPUR, May 29 (UPI): All the cinema houses in C P and Berar will remain closed on June 1 as a protest against the enhancement of the entertainment duty.

Mixed Grill

WHAT would a bench think, if a bench could think? Would it not think, like everything else that thinks, that it is the most important thing—that it is, in fact, the centre of the Universe?

And why, after all should not a bench think that it is the most wonderful thing in the world?

The parrot that perches on the bench flutters its spreading wings and emits cries of joy, with apprehension save that of the passing dog. The dog smells the bench appreciatively and looks round to see if there are any boys about, standing ready, stone in hand, to fling at the poor thing. The workers who have no other place to serve as their lunch table fear neither the bench nor the dog that comes up wagging its tail, but they look out warily for the Municipal inspector who may shoo them off. The tired wayfarer who sleeps on the bench with his chappals under his head, is not worried about what the bench will do, but may dream fearfully about the fussy policeman who wants to wake him up and interrogate him. The lovers on their wistful tryst are pleased with the hospitality of the bench but dread the presence of prowling photographers.

The bench itself is unperturbed and impartial. It is there only to be used. Who uses it and how hardly concerns the bench. Like moonlight, which proverbially sheds its beneficent glow on the sinner and the saint alike, the bench objects to no one who gets service from it. It is the embodiment of universal benevolence.

Nobody has thought of making the bench a hero. But it could at least be cast in the role of a story-teller. And who should know better the tangled skein of life, all the passion, colour and variety of life than a bench? How much love has been made on it, how many sighs sighed, how many tears wept, how many quarrels waged, how many settlements patched up, how many weary limbs rested!

What sublime thoughts have not passed through the human brain, as the poet or philosopher sat on a bench with dreamy looks, drinking in the beauty of sunset or sunrise or just gazing at the stars? What vacant, mischievous or ugly thoughts have not lodged in the secret of the human cranium as a crook or crank rested tentatively on the bench, planning his next escapade or adventure!

If it could speak, a bench certainly could tell wondrous tales of joys and sorrows, of love and hate, of weal and woe. But then, if a bench does get tongue, may it not, just bore its listeners, talking endlessly about itself, bragging about its achievements, discoursing on its opinions, expatiating on its singular uniqueness as any man with a tongue (and a woman even more so) might do?

IT MUST INDEED BE A WISE PROVIDENCE THAT HAS LIMITED SPEECH ONLY TO THE HUMAN SPECIES. WHAT HUMANS HAVE DONE WITH THE PRECIOUS GIFT DOES NOT SEEM TO JUSTIFY ITS EXTENSION TO OTHERS ANIMATE OR INANIMATE.

Grumbler

SCIENTIFIC WORKERS' RESPONSIBILITY

Dr. Guha's Views

CALCUTTA, May 29 (API): The threat of a new war had greatly stimulated the worldwide movement of scientific workers, Dr. B. C. Guha, President of the Association of Scientific Workers in India, said here yesterday.

Dr. Guha who was addressing a news conference said: "Scientific workers cannot forget that they have, in a sense, a special responsibility to society. Although they are not directly responsible for the misuse of their discoveries, they have a moral responsibility to see that these discoveries are not used for the destruction of masses of men or for other anti-social purposes. Unlocking of the energy of the atom and its tremendous consequences, for good or for evil, have tended to unify the scientific workers' movement throughout the world."

Dr. Guha referred to the first Assembly of the World Federation of Scientific Workers in Prague last September and said that this Assembly had asked scientific workers once again to work for the prevention of a new war, which would mean colossal destruction and misery for all mankind.

Dr. Guha complained that the scientific worker in India, as in many other parts of the world, had not got the position that was his due. In industries, he said, the insecurity of service of scientific workers was a constant source of worry which froze their initiative and energy.

The Association of Scientific Workers of India was inaugurated in January 1947 by Pandit Nehru and he is the President of the Association. According to Dr. Guha, the Association has now ten branches and a membership of 1,500.

Pak Commerce Minister For Annecy

KARACHI, May 29 (UPI): The Pakistan Commerce Minister, Mr. Fazlur Rahman, flew to-day to Annecy in France, to attend the Tariff and Trade Conference. He will lead the Pakistan delegation.

Mr. Rahman will tour the Continent extensively and study industrial and educational undertakings of France, Sweden, England and Western Germany.

MUTT AND JEFF—That's No Way To Start Off The New Year — By Bud Fisher

MUTT, WHAT HAPPENED? DID YOUR WIFE DO THAT?
YEH! BECAUSE I KISSED ALL THOSE GIRLS AT SIR SID'S NEW YEAR'S PARTY!
BUT IT'S CUSTOMARY FOR PEOPLE TO KISS PEOPLE AT TWELVE O'CLOCK ON NEW YEAR'S EVE!
YES! BUT THAT WORM KISSED EVERY GIRL IN THE ROOM BUT ME!
OH, HECK, THAT'S NOTHIN'! I ONLY KISS THE PRETTY ONES TOO!
?
Bud Fisher

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Reg Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.